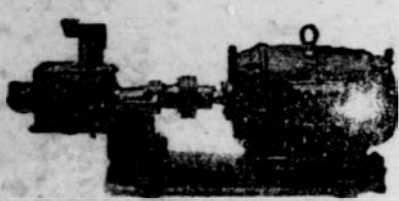


PUMPS & PUMPSETS



THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.
9, Forbes St. BOMBAY 1.

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozechah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVI NO. 214

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1938

PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Hyderabad Also Bans State Congress

"Public Safety" Act Brought Into Force NIZAM'S GOVT. CHARGE AGAINST SPONSORS

New Organisation Dubbed As Communal And Subversive

(From Our Correspondent)
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 7.

H. E. H. the Nizam's Government, by a Gazette Extraordinary issued this afternoon, has banned the formation of the Hyderabad State Congress.

The Congress was due to hold a general meeting on September 9 for election of a Working Committee as well as for approving a draft constitution.

The ban is imposed under the Public Safety Regulation promulgated yesterday.

GOVT'S CHARGE

The Government state that they are satisfied on their own enquiries and from the knowledge of some of the leading persons associated with proposed Hyderabad State Congress, that it will be, "whatever its outward professions, constituted on communal lines and animated by communal and subversive ends which will retard, instead of advance, the peace of constitutional reform in the State".

WILL BE BANNED

The Gazette adds that the Government, therefore, have decided to prohibit formation of any organisation so named or so constituted and the Hyderabad State Congress is, if formed, declared to be an Unlawful Association under the Public Security Regulation.

GOVT'S CHARGE

Explaining their decision in this connection the Government state that they were carefully observing the activities of a group of persons who since, the past month, have been canvassing for the establishment of an organisation, with branches in all districts, to be named the "Hyderabad State Congress". The Government of H. E. H. the Nizam, it says, has no objection to the establishment of political organisations in the State, provided these are on a strictly non-communal basis and have no affiliation outside the State.

HYDARI'S SPEECH RECALLED

The notification recalls Sir Akbar Hydari's recent speech to the Legislature elucidating the policy of the Government in the following terms: "While his Exalted Highness' Government is not averse, it is indeed committed to constitutional advance—that is clear from the declaration of last year which resulted in the appointment of the Reforms Committee—and as regards civil liberties as implicit in any such advance, it is opposed to any constitutional advance on communal lines. It does not conceive it to be its duty to encourage any such advance if aspired to in terms of devolution of power, privilege and favour to any one community or class, nor can it allow civil liberties to mean unrestricted freedom to indulge in the orgies of mutual recrimination."

CLOAK FOR COMMUNALISM?

Government add that the above declaration not only had general application but had a special reference to a proposed organisation now under discussion which, with one exception of a non-Hyderabad, is being sponsored by persons belonging only to one

STATE CONGRESS REPLY READY

(From Our Correspondent).
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 7.
Enquiries made by me regarding the Government Communique and Notification reveal that the Members of the State Congress are discussing their course of action which has been kept a guarded secret. However, it is learnt that a statement will be issued by the State Congress to-morrow contradicting certain allegations contained in the Government Gazette dubbing the Congress as communal.

VIGILANT POLICE WATCH

(From Our Correspondent).
HYDERABAD, Sept. 7.
The Hyderabad State Congress is still functioning. But according to the announcement made by the convener, the general body meeting to be held on September 9, has been adjourned "sine die" with a view to chalking out the future line of action, namely, whether to defy the ban or not. Consultations among leaders are proceeding behind closed doors, while the police are keeping a vigilant watch. Developments are awaited.

News is to hand that Mr. V. R. Tuljapurkar, an internecine, has been deported to-day. The causes are unknown.

GREAT RESENTMENT IN HYDERABAD

(From Our Correspondent).
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 7.
The Hyderabad State Congress recently organised with the ob-



The Hon. Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, sister of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, photographed in Prague on her arrival there on the 31st August. On her left is seen Prof. Lesney, the famous Indologist and Professor of Oriental Study at the Charles' University, Prague.

AND SO IT IS COMING!

Grigg May Propose Cut In Salary To Foot Waziristan Bill

(From Our Correspondent).
SIMLA, September, 7.
IS GOVERNMENT CONSIDERING A TEN PER CENT CUT IN SALARIES?

A big effort was made to-day to extract information on this point from Sir James Grigg. But his answers were described in the lobby, as eloquently non-committal. "I have not seen any statement; I am not going to make any statement on that; we will consider all possible sources of economy".

These were his eloquent answers to direct questions by Mr. Satyarnurti enquiring whether they were considering a ten per cent cut in the salaries of Government servants. His non-committal attitude coupled with the fact that the Finance Member said to-day that he was spending some of his waking hours daily to discover how to meet additional defence charges and the Waziristan Bill leads one to believe that some big surprises are in store for all, including Government servants in the next year's budget.

Sir James Grigg had his customary fling at the protection policy, when Mr. Manu Subedar asked him to give reasons for increase in the administrative expenditure. One of the three reasons which he gave was rise in prices due to Protection policy

ject of attaining responsible Government by the people under the aegis of the Nizam has been declared unlawful according to the "black ordinance" promulgated three days back.

Inspectors Ahmed Shakhani and Bhimsenrao attached to the Hyderabad Police rushed to Mr. Ramachari's house this afternoon to warn him not to allow the meetings of the State Congress in his house as the Congress has been declared unlawful.

Great resentment prevails and elections to the State Congress will be held on September 9.

MEHERALLY IN MEXICO

Travels 3,000 Miles By Car To Attend Congress Against War

(From Our Own Correspondent).
MEXICO CITY, Sept. 8.
After travelling 3,000 miles by car from Washington, Mr. Yusuf Meherally arrived here to attend the Royal Congress against War and Fascism. Amongst the other notable arrivals include Dr. Pena, the Spanish Minister of Justice, M. Jouheux, the French Trade Unionist, M. Eddo Flamen, Secretary of the International Transport Workers' Union, Amsterdam. The Latin American Trade Union Congress also sent a strong contingent.

Gandhi's Birthday To Be Public Holiday

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 6.
It is expected that October 2, the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi, will be declared a public holiday throughout the Central Provinces and Berar.

A move in this direction is being made by the Premier, the Hon. Pandit Ravishanker Shukla and his colleagues in the Cabinet. United Press.

MAHATMA AND NOT MR.

C. P. Premier's Order To Govt. Servants

NAGPUR, Sept. 7.
In all official correspondence in which there is a reference to Gandhi, he must be mentioned as MAHATMA GANDHI and not MR. GANDHI. An order to this effect has been passed by the Premier, Pandit R. S. Shukla, to the guidance of officers of various Government Departments who are expected to give immediate effect to it.

The Premier feels that with the Congress Government in office in the province, it is but proper that all its officers should show the courtesy and respect due to the eminent Indian leader—Mahatma Gandhi.—A.P.

'YOUR SPADES FOR THE REICH'

Hitler's Call To Labour Servicemen

NUREMBERG, Sept. 7.
Herr Hitler addressing 42,000 men and girls of the Labour Service said: "Your spades work in the North, in the East and in the West in the service of safeguarding and preserving the Reich. You represent the most sublime motto we know, help yourself and God will help you."

Herr Hitler's reference to the West is regarded by observers as a reference to the work of fortifications on the Rhine frontier and elsewhere. When the labour servicemen took positions opposite Herr Hitler's platform, a voice shouted "here we stand, we are prepared." The servicemen responded "we are prepared" then they sang in unison "we thank our leader, that he calls us. We want to be ready. We want to sacrifice our lives, to work for Germany." The men then chanted a number of patriotic poems. The parade by the servicemen lasted an hour and half, in which Herr Hitler saluted more than four hundred times. A thousand Austrians participated in the parade. The spectators numbered a hundred thousand. Twenty-one Arabian youth leaders from Iraq have arrived at the invitation of Reich youth leader, Von Schirach, who seeks thereby to begin co-operation with the youth movement of Iraq. Visitors, who were wearing uniform of grey brown are teachers of scholastic institutions.—Reuter.

POPE RETURNS TO THE CHARGE

Attacks Racism As Grave Error

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 7.
Another attack on racialism was made by the Pope addressing 500 teachers of the Catholic Action. Referring to the manifesto of the Fascist University Professors issued some weeks ago which first published the steep racial campaign, the Pope said: "We are dealing with a grave error, which reaches up to the first steps of the Altar and attacks the Catholic Doctrine." The Pope added he wished to speak only of the "exaggerated racialism, which did not tend to advance fraternisation of the peoples, but flung them one against another.—Reuter.

Sudetens Reject Olive Branch FIND PRETEXT TO BREAK OFF NEGOTIATION Hitler Said To Be In No Mood For Peaceful Settlement

Events took a dramatic and critical turn in Czechoslovakia, when the Sudeten Germans decided to break off negotiations, after accepting the new far-reaching proposals of the Government as the basis of negotiations.

The reason for this sudden somersault is said to be the alleged maltreatment of two Sudeten Deputies.

With Herr Henlein in Nuremberg closetted with Hitler, it is obvious that the Fuehrer has played the saboteur.

According to Mme. Tabouis, the French diplomatic correspondent, Hitler has resolved to reject the Czech Government proposals, but just marks time to play up his trump card of 'plebiscite'.

Most surprising of the developments is the sudden change that has come over the "Times" which suggests the cession of the Sudeten Districts as a solution of the Czech problem. Though it is officially denied that this proposal represents the British official view, it looks like a Tory attempt for the final betrayal of Czechoslovakia.

SUDETENS NOT IN MOOD FOR PEACE

Find Pretext To Break Off Negotiation

PRAGUE, Sept. 7.
The Sudeten Germans have accepted the Government's proposals as the basis of negotiations and at the same time decided to break off negotiations because of recent incidents, especially that in which two Sudeten Deputies are alleged to have been brutally beaten by the police at Mareschostau.

They declare that this shows that the Government has not sufficient control over the situation to warrant negotiations being conducted in the necessary atmosphere of calm. A complaint has been addressed to Dr. Benes as well as Lord Runciman.

The Sudeten German meeting has also protested against the premature publication of Government's proposals before they actually received them themselves as parties to the negotiations.—Reuter.

FAR-REACHING PROPOSALS

Wider Autonomy For Sudetens

PRAGUE, Sept. 7.
The Government have made new far-reaching nine-point proposals offering the Sudetens wider autonomy. It is understood that the proposals almost completely satisfy the eight Carlsbad demands.

Herr Kundt met Dr. Hodza this morning, when a memorandum containing the offer was handed to Herr Kundt. None of the details has yet been locally published, but as Parliament must eventually be consulted, the possibility of a Czech parliamentary crisis cannot be excluded.—Reuter.

ACCEPTANCE WITH RESERVATION

PRAGUE, Sept. 7.
Sudeten German headquarters in a communique states that the text of Government proposals has been received. "After certain necessary clarifications have been obtained, the party will examine the proposals and lay them before competent authorities of the party. There is no

truth in the report that any special proposals were submitted by the British Mission". There is a general belief that the party, while accepting the proposals as basis of discussion, will make certain reservations.—Reuter.

WITHDRAWAL OF CZECHS

Sudetens To Agitate For More

NUREMBERG, Sept. 7.
In reliable German circles, it is stated that Sudeten Germans in Czechoslovakia will continue to insist on the main points of their demands. In addition to administrative autonomy and predominance of German language in Sudeten districts, they will demand the withdrawal of Czechs, who have been "imported" into Sudeten districts and also compensation for economic losses incurred as a result of alleged discrimination in the award of contracts and other business arrangements.

Sudetens will also require a German in Prague to deal with appointment of all Sudeten officials.

It is understood Herr Henlein who is now here will have a series of talks with Herr Hitler. It is hoped when Herr Henlein leaves, he will be in a position to regard the Czech proposals as the starting point for further negotiations. It is emphasised here that what the Sudetens require is Home Rule within the framework of Czech state, leaving essential control of the country to the Prague Government, though Sudetens would require one Sudeten Minister in the Government to guarantee fair treatment of Germans.

A well-informed spokesman said that the Nuremberg anti-Jewish laws could not apply to Sudeten region.—Reuter.

HITLER JUST MARKS TIME

Plebiscite As German Trump Card

PARIS, Sept. 7.
Press commentators emphasise that the Czech crisis is reaching a climax. Madame Tabouis writing in "L'oeuvre" declares that foreign circles in Nuremberg believe that Herr Hitler is ready to reject (Continued on page 7, col. 6)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—
Minimum Re. 1

CHOTA CHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these

Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adleters Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (—), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Two young Ladies educated and self earning ages 27 and 28 Decan Brahmins are prepared to accept proposals for Marriage from young educated men upto 40, of independent and refined views, preferably earning. Send photos and details to Mrs. Nalini Parkar Vile Parle—Bombay. (10750)

Handsome Brahmin youth, drawing very good salary upcountry, invites correspondence with a view to marriage. No caste restrictions. No Dowry desired. Box No. 10745 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted. For the High Court of Judicature at Rangoon and other Courts in Rangoon a Gujarati and Hindustani Interpreter and Translator on a salary of Rs. 80-8-200, with an initial pay of 95/- for a Graduate to fill a temporary vacancy for 26 months. A good knowledge of Gujarati, Hindi, Marwari and Urdu with ability to read manuscript writings in these languages is essential. In addition a knowledge of Persian or Sanskrit is desirable. None but those who have passed the I. A. or I. Sc. examination of a recognized University or its equivalent need apply. Applications stating age and accompanied by copies of testimonials should be addressed to the undersigned by designation and not by name and must be received not later than 16th September, 1933. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application from Government officials or other persons of influence will disqualify him for the appointment. The selected candidate will be required to join for duty on the 17th October, 1933. G. C. Bourne, Registrar, High Court of Judicature at Rangoon. Dated Rangoon, the 23rd August, 1933. (9376)

Wanted immediately a Carpenter and Metal Work Instructor for the Herbert College, Kotah. Salary Rs. 60-5-75. Only Matriculates in English possessing the following certificates are eligible:—For carpentry—Certificate in carpentry and joining of Kala Bhawan, Baroda, or certificate of the Government Central Technical School in U. P., or Diploma of the Gwalior Central Technical Institute. For metal work—Turner, Fitter, Machine, Tool Works certificate of Kala Bhawan, Baroda, or Diploma of the Gwalior Central Technical Institute. The appointment will be on one year's probation. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Director of Education, Kotah (Rajputana). (9418)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

GONDAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE FOR TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores from 1st January, 1939 to 31st December, 1939, will be received by the Storekeeper, GONDAL, upto 3 P.M. on 15th October, 1938.

2. Forms of Tender and Schedule can be had on application to the Undersigned on payment of Rupees five per copy.

Earnest money of Rs. 250 should be remitted in advance direct to the Auditor, Gondal, and receipt for the same should be attached to the tender. No tender will be considered without such receipt. The envelope containing this tender should be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores."

4. The Storekeeper reserves to himself the right to accept any tender in whole or in part and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. P. SAMPAT,
Storekeeper,
Gondal Railway.

GONDAL,
Dated 26th August, 1938. 9372

POLICE NOTICE.

With reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's notice, dated the 22nd August, 1938, closing certain roads to vehicular traffic and regulating vehicular traffic from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill to the Fort and vice versa on the 3rd and 8th September, 1938 on account of the immersion of Ganpatis, the public proceeding to or from the North of the Island are advised, in order to save themselves delay and inconvenience, to proceed via Mahomedali Road and Parel Road instead of by Queen's Road and Hughes Road.

2. Similarly, the public are advised against using Marine Drive between the hours of 4.00 p.m. and 8.30 p.m. on those dates as this road will be closed to traffic at its Northern (Chaupati) end.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police,
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 23rd August, 1938. 9366.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for abroad stylish actresses, songstresses and dancers. Any nationality. Excellent prospects. Apply Box 10742 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications invited from Registered Medical Practitioners, preferably with special qualifications and experience in Ophthalmic work, for post of Honorary Refractionist, Haji Bachoovaly Free Ophthalmic Hospital, Parel. Apply Honorary Secretary, Hospital, Committee. (10748)

Wanted by an old established leading life office, influential experienced organisers on salary for the districts of Surat, Broach, Panch Mahals, Thana, Khandesh, Narsik, Poona, Ahmednagar, Bijapur, Belgum, Goa and North Canara. Apply stating age, experience, business guarantee to Box No. 9415, "Bombay Chronicle."

340. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted a partner to invest Rs. 4,000 in a running profitable concern of manufacturing auto parts etc. Apply sharp. Box No. 10749, "Bombay Chronicle."

549. FURNITURE FOR SALE

Furniture—for quick sale at Juhu essential furniture for shack or small bungalow. Available inspection one week only Silver Beach, Juhu. Apply hamal there for inspection. Thereafter apply Wintertotham, 9 Wallace Street, Fort. (10747)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Unprecedented introduction offer: Mahatma Gandhi's pure Silver embossed picture oval shape with stand to be introduced at Rs. 3. Pure Silver Saint Philomena image. Rs. 10. M. Narayana Chetty 121, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta. (10738)

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

3 Per Cent LOAN 1953

ISSUE PRICE Rs. 99/- PER CENT.

OPEN AT 10 A. M. (Standard Time) ON 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1938.
FOR ONE DAY ONLY

Subscription will be received only in the form of Cash or Cheque.

The Loan will be closed as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 1-1/2 crores has been subscribed and in any case not later than the close of business on the 14th September, 1938.

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta and Delhi and at the Branches and Treasury Pay Offices of the Imperial Bank of India in the Province of Madras and at the branches of the Imperial Bank of India at Bangalore and Trivandrum.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the Offices or branches mentioned above, or at any Treasury or Sub-Treasury in the Province of Madras. 9414

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Notification of an Improvement Scheme under Section 354G(1) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

SCHEME NO. 74. SION OVER-BRIDGE IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

PURSUANT to Section 354G(1) of the above Act, Notice is hereby given that I, the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, have under Section 354C(1) of the said Act made an Improvement Scheme which has been approved by the Improvement Committee of the said Corporation under Section 354D of the said Act for a portion of Municipal Wards F & G of the City of Bombay for forming new or altering existing streets within the limits of the area comprised in the Scheme which is shown by thick red lines on a map (being plan No. 940, dated the 18th October, 1937) and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the North partly by property bearing C.S. No. 1501 of Dharavi Division, partly by Agra Road, partly by Sion Railway Station and land of the G.I.P. Railway and partly by C. S. Nos. 8, 18 and 19 of Sion Division, on the East partly by Dharavi Road, partly by land of the Bombay Municipality, and partly by the proposed 95' Road, on the South partly by land of the Municipality comprised in C. S. No. 6 of Sion Division, partly by the land of the G.I.P. Railway, partly by C. S. Nos. 497, 499 & 500 of Dharavi Division and partly by portion of the existing low level road, and on the West by Dharavi Road.

The particulars of the said Scheme, the map (being plan No. 940, dated the 18th October, 1937) of the area comprised therein and the statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired may be seen during office hours at the Office of the said Corporation situated at Cruickshank Road within the Fort of Bombay. Dated this 24th day of August, 1938.

(Sd.) I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay. (9405)

NOTICE.

THE GOVERNING BODY of the BOSE INSTITUTE proposed to award a Research Fellowship in Botany of value Rs. 200 per month tenable for two years in the first instance.

Applications are invited from qualified candidates, who have specialised in Plant Physiology or in Plant Genetics. Only those who have shown evidence of special aptitude for undertaking independent researches in those subjects need apply.

A Research Scholarship of value Rs. 75 per month tenable for two years in either of these two subjects will also be awarded. Minimum qualification for applicants are a high M.Sc. degree in Botany and also some research experience.

Applications with testimonials and reprints of published papers should reach the undersigned before the 10th September, 1938.

DIRECTOR,
Bose Institute,
93, Upper Circular Road,
Calcutta, (9369)

MALVAN EDUCATION SOCIETY.

GENTLEMEN interested in the Malvan Education Society, which conducts the Topiwalla High School, Malvan, and has promotion of education in general as its object, are hereby requested to become Ordinary Life Members of the Society by paying Rs. 100 or more towards its object. Persons desirous of getting themselves enrolled, can obtain all the information that they need in this regard, from the Secretary.

G. N. GOGTE,
Chairman,
Topiwalla High School,
Malvan (Dist. Ratnagiri). 9432.

NOTICE.

WANTED, for six months, a GRADUATE for a temporary post of an Urdu translator. Starting pay Rs. 70/- Preference will be given to a candidate knowing both Urdu and Hindi or Urdu and any other regional language of the Bombay Province. Apply with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, to the Oriental Translator to Government, Secretariat, Fort, Bombay, not later than the 16th September, 1938 (stating age, birth-place, nationality, etc.) (9417)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PANDURANG NARAYAN MANTRI and Mr. GOPAL NARAYAN MANTRI, both of Vile Parle have contracted to sell to my clients their separate and self-acquired immovable property situated at Vile Parle bearing final plot No. 162 of Vile Parle T. P. Scheme No. II and admeasuring 1936 square yards or thereabouts and fronting on Nehru Road together with the buildings thereon. Any person or persons having any claim or interest in or to said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, maintenance, charge or otherwise or as coparcener or member of a joint Hindu family are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at 78, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, or at his bungalow "Vaidya Cottage" at Park Road Vile Parle, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1938.

K. K. VAIDYA,
Purchasers' Attorney. 9423.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DINKAR SHRINIVAS BARVE as the Administrator of the estate and effects of his father the late Mr. Shrinivas Sakharam Barve and in his personal capacity as the heir of the said Shrinivas Sakharam Barve has sold on the 1st day of September, 1938 to our client Mr. Narhar Gangadhar Virkar all the right, title and interest in the hotel known as Velankar's Hindu Refreshment House, situated at Maharaaj Building Opposite Majestic Cinema, Girgaon Road, without the Fort of Bombay and the goodwill thereof. Our client, the said Narhar Gangadhar Virkar has accordingly become the sole proprietor of the said Hotel including its goodwill.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1938.
NAGINDAS HOOSEINALLY & CO.
Attorneys for Mr. Narhar Gangadhar Virkar the sole proprietor of Velankar's Hindu Refreshment House. 9424.

Public Notices.

MORVI RAILWAY.

TENDER-NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores and Stationery for the Calendar year 1939 are invited and will be received by the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi, upto 5-0 p.m. of Wednesday the 5th October 1938.

Tender form, along with the Schedules can be had on payment of Rs. 3 for Consumable Stores and Re. 1 for Stationery per copy.

Earnest money of Rs. 200 for Consumable Stores and Rs. 100 for Stationery tender must accompany each tender.

Tenders must be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores" and "Tender for Stationery" as the case may be.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY,
Stores Superintendent,
Morvi Railway
Stores Superintendent's Office
Morvi Dated 31st August 1938 9408

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on SATURDAY, the 3rd September and THURSDAY, the 8th September, 1938, the following roads will be CLOSED to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 4 p.m. and 8-30 p.m. on account of the immersion of Ganpatis:—

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road to Chauhati; CHAUPATI from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road; HUGHES ROAD from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road; FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chauhati to Chauhati Back Road; HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chauhati to Chauhati Back Road; VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD from Cowasji Patel Tank to Sandhurst Road junction (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis when proceeding west, i.e., towards Chauhati) and GIRGAUM ROAD from Portuguese Church to Sandhurst Road junction.

CHARNI ROAD from Portuguese Church to its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road shall be closed to east bound vehicular traffic (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis). Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and vice versa will proceed along the following Roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT.—Via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana's Chowk, over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT.—Via Gowalla Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR.—Via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar Road.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL.—Via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalla Tank Road.

CHAUPATY FOOT OVERBRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic towards the sea-face UP TO 6-30 P.M. and all persons returning from the sea-face before this time will proceed 'via' Sandhurst Bridge; FROM 6-30 P.M. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the sea-face. All persons wishing to go to the sea-face after 6-30 p.m. will proceed 'via' Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23 (4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police,
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 22nd August, 1938. (9367)

Auction Sales

2 IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES:—

LOT NO. I—388 Bhowani Peth (1, Transport Lines) containing bungalow and stables at 10 A.M.

LOT NO. II—713, Bhowani Peth containing house and stables.

On SUNDAY, the 11th September, 1938 at 10-30 a.m. at the respective premises. Particulars from:—H. O. ABDOL REHMAN, Auctioneers & House Agents, 313, Main Street, Poona. Telephone No. 467.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BALES AND BORAS OF COTTON WASTE BARDANS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 663 of 1933 (Grindlay & Co. vs. Bhawanji Karsondas and others) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will To-day THURSDAY, the 8th September, 1938 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction in Godown No. 5 of Shri Nasik Panchvati Panjrapole Trust, at Chinchpokli, Kala-chowki opp. Bombay Cotton Mills. A very big lot of cotton waste consisting of about 90 bales, a large quantity of Boras of drop-pings, cotton fly, oily cotton, clean red cotton, top frame, machine waste dust, bardan bundles, etc. etc.

The above is on view. A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.
BENNETT & CO.

IN 9th WEEK GENERAL FILMS LTD.'S

BAGHBAN

Director:—A. R. KARDAR
A MIGHTY DRAMA PRESENTED
By an ALL STAR CAST led by
BIMLAKUMARI & NANDREKAR

AND INCLUDING
ASHRAF KHAN, NAZIM, SITARA,
YASMIN, LAILA YAKOUB, K. N.
SINGH, R. WASTI, MIRZA
MUSHARAF & OTHERS

BAGHBAN

A HEART-PIERCING STORY OF
MODERN INDIAN SOCIETY
IMPERIAL

CINEMA

Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

Laugh!

Laugh!!

Laugh!!!

BRAHMACHARI

HUNS' COMEDY-HIT

Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 2-15 P.M.

MAJESTIC

DEVIKA RANI

In BOMBAY TALKIES'
SCREEN ROMANCE

Vachan

with

ASHOK KUMAR

A Noble Tale of Chivalry,
Heroism and Honour—Now

IN THE

3RD WEEK

Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

ROXY TALKIES

The Only Indian Picture House
with the MIRROPHONIC SOUND.

OSAKA SYOSEN K.

KAISYA

O. S. K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE
to JAPAN via SINGAPORE.

Steamer	Arrival	Dep.
'elbourne Maru	18th Aug	31st Aug.
London	23rd Sept	9th Oct.
Yelluku	9th Oct.	25th "
* Tozan	16th "	18th "
A Steamer	24th "	9th Nov.

*Only for Import.

OSAKA SYOSEN K. KAISYA.
(Incorporated in Japan).
1st Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 22084. Telegrams: 'SYOSEN'



with Sal Hepatica

The Laxative Salines in Sal Hepatica cleanse the intestinal tract and keep the whole system sweet and clean.

The Spa Minerals in Sal Hepatica stimulate the liver, gall bladder, and kidneys, banish headaches, biliousness, digestive upsets, and rheumatic conditions.

The Balanced Alkalines in Sal Hepatica correct excess acids in the blood by maintaining the alkaline reserve of the body so essential for perfect fitness.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS for conditions arising from disorders such as Constipation, Biliousness and Headaches, Liveriness and Digestive Upsets, Irregular Kidney Action, Sleeplessness, Overweight, Gout, Rheumatism and Gout.

From all Chemists and Stores.

Wake up and drink Sal Hepatica

THE TONIC SPA LAXATIVE that checks BLOOD ACIDITY

MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD. POST BOX 775, BOMBAY.

Showing at
PLAZA Talkies, Dadar
SHIRLEY TEMPLE
and
VICTOR MCLAGLEN
in
WEE WILLIE WINKIE.
Daily 2 shows and Matinee at 3-30 on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.



SHE DANCED
THOUGH HER HEART REFUSED
TO DANCE

SHE SMILED
THOUGH HER SOUL REFUSED
TO SMILE

SHE SANG
THOUGH HER SPIRIT REFUSED
TO SING

WHY IS THIS?

SJT. RAMANLAL V. DESAI, M.A.'S

Poornima

WILL ANSWER AT
KRISHNA CINEMA

COM. FROM.....



A PRAKASH PICTURE

WITH A CAST LED BY

SARDAR BANOO, RANJIT, GULAB, UMAKANT & OTHERS.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

An amazing story of cheating was related to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, when Ramu Charsibaba was placed on a remand application.

The accused, according to the police, posed as a Sadhu possessed of miraculous powers and cheated a city clerk by telling him that he could transmute base metal into gold. The accused was described as a "nimble-witted adventurer."

A complaint was lodged with the police and the accused was arrested.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to police custody.

Muraisingh Murarilal Gangasinh was charged to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on a charge of importing two gallons of illicitly distilled liquor.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to custody.

Alija Dasan was arrested by the Excise Police on a charge of possessing illicit opium of the value of Rs. 420.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 500; Rs. 250 to be deposited.

Amulakh Maganlal, Jethalal Maganlal and three others were arrested by Sub-Inspector J. K. Sawant of the Anti-Gambling Squad, who raided yesterday at 7 p.m. the Bullion Exchange Hall at Shaik Memon Street, in Princess Street section. Some alleged Sutta chits found on three persons and cash amounting to Rs. 75 including marked coins were seized by the police.

It is stated that during the raid one suspect tried to swallow a chit. The officer who promptly noticed it caught hold of his throat and recovered it.

The accused were placed before Mr. Barott, additional Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon, this morning, and were released on bail for a fortnight.

Alleged Criminal Breach Of Trust

Shivlal Panachand Mehta, who is alleged to be wanted in a case of criminal breach of trust, at Karachi, surrendered himself at the Mahabouri police station on Saturday last.

In applying for his remand at the Girgaum police court to-day, the police stated that Mehta figured as an accused in a case of criminal breach of trust of Rs. 10,335 from the Western India Match Factory at Karachi.

Pending further instructions from the Karachi police, Mehta was remanded to custody till September 21.

Anti-T. B. Fund

In response to Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow's Appeal for the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund, Bombay, the following list of donations (No. 15) is acknowledged.

Subscriptions received direct by the Joint Honorary Treasurers:—
Seth Mafatlal Gajalbhai Rs. 1,001.
Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Rs. 250.
Sir Jamshedji Kanga Rs. 200.
Mr. Behram N. Karanjia Rs. 151.
Officers of P.W.D. Secretariat Rs. 105.
Sir Narayan V. Mandlik Rs. 100.
President G. I. P. Rly. Indian Institute Kalyan being the net proceeds of a Drama Rs. 51.
Dr. Balabhai Nanavati Rs. 25.
Dr. B. B. Yodh and Mrs. Yodh Rs. 25.
Mr. A. L. Pradhan Rs. 25.
Rac Bahadur Sharmarao D. Mankar Rs. 15.
Mr. D. V. Nadkarni Rs. 10.
Dr. F. N. Kapadia Rs. 10.
Staff of Burmah-Shell Depot, Kolhapur, Rs. 10.
Mr. Shaik Umar Sk. Adam Rs. 5 making a total of Rs. 1,983.

Subscriptions collected by Districts:—Elipour Rs. 1,500. Broach Rs. 34-12. Kolaba Rs. 807-14. Thana Rs. 1,300-13. Surat Rs. 2,723-14. East Khandesh Rs. 601. West Khandesh Rs. 27-5-6 making a total of Rs. 6,995-10-6 and the grand total therefore is Rs. 8,978-10-3 which both the amount previously acknowledged viz. Rs. 3,60,937-19-2 makes the grand total of Rs. 3,69,916-4-8.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY

(ON FORCE FROM APRIL, 1938)

Arrivals at and	Departures from
Victoria Terminus	Victoria Terminus
Madras Mail	6.00 H.M.
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp)	6.15 H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7.40 H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chennai)	9.00 H.M.
Madras Express	10.10 H.M.
Poona Mail	10.25 H.M.
Punjab Mail	11.15 H.M.
Nagpur Express	13.50 H.M.
Poona Fast (Pass)	17.00 H.M.
Poona Express	19.24 H.M.
Alibabao Express	20.15 H.M.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Arr.	H.M.
Frontier Mail (Saturday, only for Homeward Passengers)	8.40

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY

Mails, Express and Passenger trains. Arrivals at Bombay Central.

Arr.	H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5.35
Gujarat Mail	6.45
Kathiawar Mail	7.25
Frontier Mail	8.15
The Flying Rance (Mondays only) from Surat	9.45
The Flying Rance (Daily except Mondays) from Surat	10.58
Ahmedabad Passenger	14.0
Kathiawar Express	18.45
Baroda Passenger	20.55
"Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesdays.	
Departures from Bombay Central.	
Kathiawar Express	8.45
Baroda Passenger	9.25
Ahmedabad Passenger	13.50
The Flying Rance (Saturdays only) to Surat	15.10
The Flying Rance (Daily except Saturdays) to Surat	18.5
Gujarat Mail	20.25
Frontier Mail	21.30
Kathiawar Mail	21.50
Delhi Express	22.05
Ahmedabad Passenger	22.25
Delhi Express	6.0

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward pas-

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON-BOMBAY (via Poona.)

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuji and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, at 7-24 p.m.

Deliveries: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

BOMBAY-LONDON (via Poona.)

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hour of posting for mails at P. O.: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY-COLOMBO (via Poona.)

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday at 7-15 a.m.

COLOMBO-BOMBAY (via Poona.)

Deliveries: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday 6 p.m.

PROTEST AGAINST LATHI CHARGE

Bombay Workers' Demonstration

To protest against the lathi charges and firing for dispersal of workers of Bradbury Mills a huge procession of workers marched in the streets of the City from Jacob Circle to Chowpatty shouting anti-Imperialist slogans on Tuesday.

After the processionists arrived at Chowpatty where a big crowd was awaiting them labour leaders addressed the gathering and condemned the firing.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Bhise who explaining the cause of the day's demonstration giving an account of the developments that compelled the workers of Bradbury Mills to strike and face unprovoked firing.

Mr. R. S. Nimkar in the course of his speech condemned the firing as an action of repression stated that much was expected of the Congress Ministry in different provinces but their expectations were frustrated. Speaking about the Bombay Ministry he declared that the policy that was being followed would suppress the workers legitimate agitation ruthlessly. What had already been demonstrated was by no means a rest of goodwill on the part of the Kher Ministry.

Messrs. Mirajkar and Patkar having addressed the meeting Mr. J. B. Bokhari spoke for a few minutes in Urdu. He emphasised the need for a United anti-Imperialist front at the critical time. He defined the Congress Ministry's action as digression from their pledges. This was done as the bureaucracy seems to be leading the Minister's astray. He appealed to the Congress Ministry not to be misled by British Imperialism. He also emphasised the need for agitation outside the legislatures to keep the ministry on the right course.

The Vice-President of the Tailors' Union also spoke. He sympathised with the Bradbury Mill strikers and expressed solidarity with them whereafter the meeting was terminated.

Bradbury Mill Strike Continues: Situation Quiet

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

No settlement in the strike in Bradbury Mill, Jacob Circle, has been reached so far between the mill authorities and the representatives of strikers.

For the last two days the mill authorities and the labour leaders have been conferring for an amicable settlement of the strike.

At a meeting held at Jacob Circle garden, this morning, labour leaders explained that the trouble arose as a result of police interference and the offensive tactics adopted by some people.

It was further explained that the mill authorities took the initiative for the successful termination of the strike and as far as they were concerned, they would welcome a settlement, provided the 21 spinners of the mill who were served with notice of discharge, were re-instated.

Quiet prevailed at the mill-gate, this morning.

NO VALID GROUND

High Court Rejects Application For Transfer In Case Against Sardar

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court to-day rejected the petition of Mr. Jayantilal H. Amin asking for a transfer of his defamation case pending in the court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Ebrahim M. Hussain appeared for the petitioner. There was no appearance for the Sardar. The petition was based on certain incidents which occurred on August 5 last which, according to the petitioner, induced a reasonable apprehension in his mind that the magistrate was biased in favour of the Sardar and that the petitioner would not get justice at the hands of the Magistrate.

On the day in question, when the case was called on, the Sardar was absent. The petitioner's counsel, thereupon drew the magistrate's attention to the fact that, under the provisions of the law, the case could not be proceeded with unless the Magistrate had passed an order exempting the party from attendance.

The Sardar's counsel then stated that his client was expected to arrive in a short time, and the Magistrate might pass an order exempting him from attendance till he arrived.

The Magistrate, however, refused to agree to the suggestion and wanted to proceed with the case forthwith, in spite of the warning of the petitioner's counsel that it would be an illegal procedure.

Seeing that the Magistrate would not change his mind, the petitioner asked for an adjournment of the case to enable him to move the High Court for a

AERONAUTICS ON INDIAN SCREEN!



KAMLESH KUMARI
VIJAY KUMAR
CHAUDHARI
DEO BALA
TULSI LAHARI
KAMRAN
KAPOOR

A FILM CORPORATION PICTURE

Distributors for
Bombay, C. P. & Madras:—

RAMNIKAL MOHAN LAL & CO.
Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay 4.

ECHO OF EXCISE INSPECTOR'S MURDER

High Court Hears Reference From Thana Judge

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court commenced the hearing of the reference made by the Sessions Judge of Thana in the case of one Nana Valu.

The accused was charged with the murder of Excise Inspector Cama when the latter conducted a raid at Narangi village in Bassein "taluka".

He was also charged with rioting and other offences, for which, the Thana Sessions Judge agreeing with the assessors, convicted the accused and sentenced him to three years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100.

On the charge of murder, however, the judge disagreed with the "not guilty verdict" of the jury and referred the case to the High Court.

The accused also appealed against the sentence passed on him.

The case is proceeding. Mr. G. C. O'Gorman with Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the accused and Mr. B. G. Rao, Asstt. Government Pleader for the Crown.

transfer. The Magistrate, thereupon, postponed the case.

The above allegations were denied by the Magistrate in his report to the High Court.

Their Lordships held that there were no valid grounds for a transfer.

STAR FLASHES by CHARLES BRUNO



TO INSURE AUTHENTICITY IN "THE SISTERS' CORSET INSPECTORS" SAW TO IT THAT FEMALE PLAYERS WORE THE WHALEBONES AFTER IT WAS DISCOVERED THAT THE GIRLS WERE SHUCKING THEM FOR COMFORT.

THE HORSE RIDDEN BY "SUEZ" IS A PURE-BRED ARABIAN STALLION VALUED BY ITS OWNER AT \$9,000.

TO-DAY:
SPECIAL SHOW FOR LADIES and
CHILDREN: 1-30 P. M.

"GOPAL KRISHNA"
(HINDI)
The PRABHAT Touch to
SHRI KRISHNA
Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CENTRAL

DRAMA: MUSIC: SPECTACLE:
THRILL:
Put Over By
SIX SENSATIONAL STARS:

"RAJA GOPICHAND"
SARASWATI FILMUSICAL
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M.
OPERA HOUSE

SIMULTANEOUSLY
SHOWING AT
THE EXCELSIOR
AND
NEW EMPIRE
THREE SHOWS DAILY:
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

ALEXANDER KORDA'S
THE DRUM
STARRING
SABU
AND MANY MORE
A UNITED ARTISTS' SUPER
IN
GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOR
Free List Entirely Suspended!

**PERMITTED
UNDER
PROHIBITION!**

Music is the food of Love; and Laughter is the
Wine of Life.

At the West End Talkies, from Saturday, there
will be plenty of this food; and this Wine will
flow freely!

'THE CAT'

Ranjit
MERRY
MIRTH-
MAKER.



Directed
by:
JAYANT
DESAI

STARRING:
SUNITA DEVI, E. BILLIMORIA, ILLA DEVI,
MAZHAR, KHATOON, ISHWARLAL, GHORY,
RAM APTE

Also
"LANKA DAHAN"
a cartoon!

Good Exercise
for
Your Lungs!

From SATURDAY 10th, at

WEST END

STAR FLASHES
by CHARLES BRUNO



SCOTT COLTON, HANDSOME LEADING MAN OF STAGE AND SCREEN, WAS JANITOR OF A COUNTRY SCHOOL BEFORE HE BECAME AN ACTOR.

5-YEAR-OLD IRENE DARE SKATES ON A RINK OF 'ICE CREAM' IN 'BREAKING THE ICE'. TO MAKE THE RINK PHOTOGRAPH BETTER, MILK WAS FLOODED ON THE SURFACE AND FROZEN.

Rally Against Federation

The "National Front", the central organ of the Indian Communists, has appealed for united front rallies all over the country on 18th September.

Congress Committee, Socialist parties, Trade Unions and Kisan Sabhas have been called upon to organise united front demonstrations to condemn the Federation, the War Bill, Governor's interference in Frontier Province and Orissa and to demand that the forthcoming meeting of the A.I.C. should decide for active support to the people of Travancore, Kashmir and other States in their struggle for democratic liberties and political rights.

M.L.A. FOUND GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY TO MURDER

LAHORE, Sept. 6.

In the sensational murder trial in which Pir Lalbadshah, a member of the Assembly and seven others figure as the accused on a charge of attempting to murder the Nawabzada of Kalhagh, on the night of October 1, the Assessor at the Sessions returned a unanimous verdict of guilty so far as the incident of the assault was concerned and by two to one they found the accused guilty of conspiracy.

The Prosecution, it will be recalled, alleged that the accused conspired at the residence of Pir Lalbadshah to murder Nawabzada of Kalhagh on different dates. The Nawabzada got timely inkling of the conspiracy and informed the authorities who made arrangements for the safety of his life.

On the day of the incident, a dummy was placed on the bed where the Nawabzada used to sleep. Six persons including the approver in the case turned up at the place and made a night attack on the place while the Nawabzada's men replied by opening fire resulting in one of the attacker being killed. The accused were subsequently arrested and no bail was allowed though sureties in cash up to any amount were offered on behalf of Pir Lalbadshah, the principal accused.—United Press.

PASSENGERS FROM LORRY ABDUCTED

Frontier Outrage: Military
Trying To Intercept
Raiders

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

"Since the issue of the communiqué of August 22," says a communiqué issued to-day by the Defence Department, "the situation in Waziristan, except for the occasional sniping of troops on road protection duty and the cutting of telephone wires, has been more quiet than for some time past."

"On the afternoon of September 6, however, a civilian lorry was held up at Bakhtal Ahmadzai, some eight miles west of Sarai Gambila in Bannu District, and all the passengers were abducted. The number of passengers is unknown. Cavalry moved out from Gambil and in co-operation with frontier constabulary are trying to intercept the raiders."—A. P.

"I WILL TAKE YOU AWAY FROM THIS WORLD"

Girl Said To Have Received
Krishna's "Warrant", Lying
In Critical Condition

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 7.

Narayan Devi, a 9-year-old girl, is lying critically ill after having received a "warrant" from Lord Krishna according to a Gonda report.

It is stated that a few days ago she was returning from school, when she heard a piper playing on flute and as she looked up she claims to have seen a figure dressed like Krishna, playing on flute on a branch of a Peepal tree. The figure dropped a piece of paper whereon was written "I will take you away from this world after a fortnight."

The girl came home and narrated her strange experience to her mother, she having high temperature. It is believed that the girl is a victim of either hallucination or practical joke.

MADRAS GOVT. LOAN Electric And Irrigation Schemes To Be Financed

MADRAS, Sept. 7.

A notification issued to-day by the Finance Department, Government of Madras, giving the details of "Madras Government Three per cent Loan, 1935", states that of the amount of the loan, Rs. 150 lakhs, the Government of Madras will subscribe Rs. 40 lakhs from funds under their control. The amount offered for public subscription is therefore Rs. 110 lakhs.

If the total subscription by the public exceeds Rs. 110 lakhs part of the loan will be made, in which case a proportionate refund will be made at the time of issue of the securities. No interests will be made on the amounts so refunded.

The proceeds of the loan will be used only for wholly productive capital expenditure, like (1) electric schemes, (2) irrigation works and (3) advances to local bodies, agriculturists, etc.

In a Press 'communiqué' attached to the notification giving the budgetary and financial position of the Government, it is stated that the Auditor-General of India has certified that the standard of financial administration and control attained by the Madras Government has been of a high order.

The Accountant-General, Madras, has also stated that the debt position of the Government is perfectly sound. The annual revenue of the province is about Rs. 10,00,00,000. Since 1925-26 transactions of the Revenue Account have produced surplus every year, except in 1930-31, the first year of world economic depression.

JAYAKAR AT SANGLI.

Miraj Observes Travancore Day

(From Our Correspondent).

MIRAJ, Sept. 5.

At the invitation of C. Principal Karve, Hon. Justice M. R. Jaykar arrived at Willingdon College yesterday. He visited various institutions and was specially honoured by the Sangli Municipality.

He delivered a stirring address on democracy and its rivals in the evening before a big audience. People from Kolhapur, Belgaum and the surrounding places had come to hear him. Miraj Rajasahab and Ichalkaranji Chieftains also attended.

Justice Jaykar explained the broad principles of democracy, Fascism, Socialism and Communism and left the audience to think for themselves what was desirable. Prof. Gokak thanked the honourable guest.

TRAVANCORE DAY.

Miraj and Sangli Darbars honoured Jayakar by giving grand parties.

A public meeting was held at Miraj to condemn the Travancore Darbar for its repressive policy and to support the peaceful and legitimate struggle continued by the Travancore State Congress due homage was paid to the late Manishankar Trivedi in the same meeting.

LATE MR. ISMAILJI MASKATI

The following resolution was passed by the Muslim Education Society of Surat at its meeting held on Monday:

"This meeting of the Surat District Muslim Education Society places on record its deep feeling of sorrow at the sad demise of Sheth Ismailji Abdul Tayyab Maskati Sahab, the well-known proprietor of the firm of Sheth Abdul Tayyab Maskati, and leading philanthropist and patron of Muslim education, and prays for the peace of the soul of the deceased."

It further sends its condolence to Sheth Abdul Tayyab Maskati, Esqr., and other members of the family of the deceased for their sad bereavement.

The resolution was moved by Mr. H. F. Hamdani and seconded by Mr. A. I. Badat.

SAVARKAR'S TRIBUTE TO SIND HINDUS

KARACHI, Sept. 7.

After spending three busy days in Karachi, where he addressed twenty public meetings and received an equal number of addresses from various Hindu institutions, Mr. Vinayakrao D. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, proceeded to Sukkur last night to preside over the Hindu Conference.

On Tuesday, Mr. Savarkar, visited the Hijaz quarters. In a parting message Mr. Savarkar said: "Hospitality of the citizens has overwhelmed me."

Students Wait On Vice-Chancellor

Developments In Calcutta
Students' Strike

CALCUTTA, Sept. 7.

A deputation on behalf of the All-India Students Federation waited on Khan Bahadur Azizul Haque, Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University, at his residence this morning in connection with the trouble that has arisen out of the incidents on Saturday last at the St. Xavier's College.

The deputations submitted their grievances before the Vice-Chancellor, who gave them a patient hearing, and told them that he would place the entire matter before the Syndicate at its meeting on Friday next.

The deputation consisted of the President, Secretary and 18 members of the Federation.—A. P.

STRIKE THREATENED IN CANNOPORE COLLEGE

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 6.

The authorities of Sanatan Dharam College Cannopore have refused to permit Mr. S. S. Batliwala a socialist leader of Bombay, to inaugurate the college parliament.

As a mark of protest against this, the students, who formed the Government have resigned. Students have also decided to withhold payment of college dues.

Students have made representations to college authorities to redress their grievances.

It appears that the college authorities did not also allow the use of the college hall to Cannopore Students Union to hold classes in pursuance of their illiteracy campaign. Students have threatened a general strike.

HUNGER-STRIKERS' DEMANDS SUPPORTED

Big Processions In Sholapur

(From A Correspondent).

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 6.

Comrade Channusingh Kalyanasing, on his 10th day of hunger-strike was suddenly shifted to some unknown destination from the Civil Hospital, Sholapur.

It is reported that earlier in the day, he had received a communication from the Hon. the Minister for Law and Order, requesting him to stop his hunger-strike.

The Ginni Kamgar Union of Sholapur is busy in organising popular support to the demand of the 17 hunger-strikers in Yeravada Central Prison. Huge processions with red flags are taken out in the various parts of the City.

A local Marathi weekly paper "Janasatta" edited by prominent Congressmen and a Congress M. L. A. Sholapur, has frankly stated that the prisoners in question are Political. Another weekly paper "Ekjut" wholeheartedly supports the demand of Channusingh and others.

A third weekly paper, well-known for its liberal views "Kalpataru" has expressed surprise at the refusal of the Government in not calling these prisoners 'Political'.

INDIAN STATES AND INDO-BRITISH TALKS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5.

A good deal of resentment is being felt in Indian States on the question of there being no adequate method of presenting their case or safeguarding their economic interests, when trade negotiations are carried on between India and foreign countries. In order to remedy this, the members of the Standing Committee of Ministers and the Hyderabad Committee are reliably understood to be contemplating to approach this issue with a view to its solution and for their association with the Indo-British trade talks.

It is likely that a meeting of the committees may be called very shortly to devise ways and means for their representation.—United Press.

CHANNUSINGH TRANSFERRED.

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 7.

Channusingh, the Sholapur hunger-striker, has been transferred to an unknown place.—A. P.

Wherever I have been received as a hero.

The Hindus in Sind have maintained their separate entity since centuries, and I hope they will continue to maintain their culture and traditions.—United Press.

Minority Has No Claim Of Representation HIGH COURT'S JUDGMENT IN AHMEDABAD CASE

To what extent is the minority section of the Society entitled to representation in a litigation concerning the affairs of the Society?

This question was discussed by Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court, in hearing the application filed by one Keshavlal Sankalchand against the order of the First Class Sub-Judge of Ahmedabad.

The opponents in the case are the Jain Co-operative Housing Society Ltd., and others.

A suit was filed by the applicant against the Society to recover a certain sum of money. In this suit, the Society was represented by its President and Secretary.

JUDGE'S ORDER

The third opponent, Prof. Shah, and eleven other members applied to trial the court to be joined as parties to the suit, alleging that the President, and other members who constituted the majority were colluding with the plaintiff, and therefore to safeguard the interests of the society some members of the minority should be joined as parties.

Thereupon, the Judge ordered the third opponent as a party in order that he might represent the minority at the hearing of the suit.

Against this decision, the plaintiff filed the present application to the High Court, on the ground that the Judge had acted illegally and with material irregularity.

JUDGMENT

In his judgment, his Lordship referred to order 29, rule 1 of the

Civil Procedure Code which provided that in suits by or against a corporation, any pleading might be signed and verified on behalf of the corporation by the secretary or by any director or other principal officer of the corporation.

It was admitted that the third opponent and others who applied to be made parties did not represent the Society. It was only to represent the minority that they wanted to be brought on the records of the suit.

His Lordship referred to order 1, rule 10 (2) of the Civil Procedure Code which enabled the Court to add as a party any one whose presence might be necessary to enable the Court effectively and completely to adjudicate upon and settle all questions involved in the suit.

ORDER QUASHED

As regards the third opponent it was clear that he did not represent the Society nor was his presence necessary for the proper adjudication of any question involved in the suit.

The view of the Society must necessarily be the views of the majority.

"And," observed his lordship, "it would tend to considerable difficulty and needless delay in the conduct of a suit if every member of the society who happened to hold a different view from the majority was entitled to be heard in a suit."

On these grounds, his lordship set aside the lower court's order which joined the third opponent as a party.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Established—December, 1911.

THE BIGGEST JOINT-STOCK BANK WITH CAPITAL AND DEPOSITS GREATER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER INDIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.

SPECIAL SCHEMES

HOME SAVING SCHEME, SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT, LADIES' DEPARTMENT, 5 & 10 TOLA GOLD BARS, EXECUTOR & TRUSTEE CO., FREE LIFE INSURANCE, 3 YEARS CASH CERTIFICATES, TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES.

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble Sir PHIROZE SETH, NA, C., O.B.E.,
SIR H. P. MODY, K.B.E.,
The Hon'ble NAWAB SIR AKBAR HYDARI, Kt., P.C.,
A. B. DUBASH, Esq.,
HARIDAS MADHAV DAS, Esq.,
DINSHAW D. ROMER, Esq.,
VITHALJIAS RANI, Esq.,
SIR DOSSABHOY (HORMUSJI) BHIWANDIWALA, Kt.,
NOORMAHOMED M. CHINOI, Esq.

INDIAN MADE

Dharoweave

REGD. TRADE MARK

TWEEDS

in
VARIOUS
ATTRACTIVE
DESIGNS &
QUALITIES.

AT ALL GOOD
CLOTH SHOPS

FOR FREE SAMPLES & PRICES WRITE TO DEPT

The DHARIWAL

ESTD. 1880
WOOLLEN MILLS
DHARIWAL—PUNJAB

Selling Representatives:
Messrs. FULCHAND & SONS,
373 Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay.

Stockists:

1. BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Cruickshank Road, Bombay.
2. THE CANNOPORE MILLS DEPOT, Churchgate Street, Bombay.
- (1) Messrs. HARBANS LAL & SONS, New Cloth Market, Bunder Road, Karachi.
- (2) Messrs. HARBANS LAL & SONS, Inside Panchkua Gate, Ahmedabad.

EROS

India's Finest Theatre
Where the Pictures do the Talking
Theatre Manager:—E. H. DuCasse
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
LAST DAY TO-DAY:

"AMONG THE BEST THINGS
THE SCREEN HAS GIVEN
US" "To-day's Cinema,"
Aug. 11th.

READ WHAT THIS LEADING
JOURNAL HAS TO SAY:—

It is seldom indeed that one is treated to such a feast of good things in any single picture. Here one has a delightfully provocative story, sparkling comedy situations, and acting which has been rarely equalled in its perfect point and timing. Danielle Darrieux is piquant personified, and her collaboration with Douglas Fairbanks, junior, must rank among the best things of its kind that the screen has given us.

DANIELLE DARRIEUX
AND
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS JR.
IN

"RAGE OF PARIS"
A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

NEXT FRIDAY
INVITE YOU TO SEE THE MAGNIFICENT, GLORIOUS, WONDERFUL PERFORMANCE OF

KATHERINE HEPBURN
In Columbia's
"HOLIDAY"
Co-starred with the dashing star of "The Awful Truth"

CARY GRANT
and
LEW AYRES
BINNIE BARNES
DORIS NOLAN
EDWARD EVERETT
HORTON
COMMENCING NEXT FRIDAY
Plans Open. Phone: 22519.

PATHE

THE FINEST THEATRE IN BOMBAY!

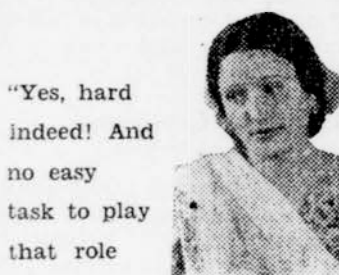
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m. Ph. 41561



Dorothy Lamour
Ray Milland
HER JUNGLE LOVE

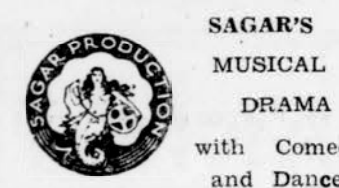
"IT'S HARD,
GIRLS....."

...to win the heart of the most handsome young artist... and then to be faced with a situation in which you either give him up or appear brutally selfish!"—
TILLOTTAMA.



"Yes, hard indeed! And no easy task to play that role either!" says BIBBO, playing the part in:

Gramophone
Singer



SAGAR'S
MUSICAL
DRAMA
with Comedy
and Dance.
STARRING:
★ SURENDRA
★ BIBBO
★ PRABHA
Coming Soon at
IMPERIAL

REGAL

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



New SONGS! New SPECTACLES!

CAPITOL

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



RUDY VALLEE ROSEMARY LANE • HUGH HERBERT • ALLEN JENKINS
ALMA DICKEY • MELVILLE CHASE • BOB TRACY • TONY FAY
THE SCHNICKELFRITZ BAND
(Insert balance of credits here)

Also "5TH TEST" at the OVAL

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadava Sud 14, 1994
Muslim: Rajab 11, 1357
Parsi: Farvardin 3, 1357
High tide: 11-16 23-30
Low tide: 4-10 17-22
Sunrise: 6h 25m
Sunset: 6h 49m

INDIAN CIVIL LIBERTIES' UNION
Under the auspices of the Indian Civil Liberties' Union, a meeting to protest repression in Travancore will be held on Saturday, the 10th instant at 8-30 p.m. in Ashika Samaj, Matunga. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

DADAR NAVRATRA MAHOTSAVA
A general meeting of the Gujarati residents of Dadar will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. in Palan Sogal Building, B Block, 3rd Floor to pass the accounts of the last year, and to consider about the Navratra Mahotsava for the current year.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS
The N.Y.K. steamer "Tokushima Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 3rd September, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 30th September.
Clan Line steamer Clan Ross left Liverpool on 2nd evening.
Clan Line steamer Clan Macpherson arrived London on 6th morning.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY
Under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, a public meeting of the workers will be held to-morrow (Friday) at Pimpalacha Maidan, Ferguson Road, at 5-30 p.m. to condemn the police firing on the Bradbury Mill Strikers. Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas will preside.

WORLD SOCIAL WELFARE SOCIETY
Under the auspices of the above Society, Rao Bahadur J. K. Mehta, Social Welfare Officer of the Century Mills will deliver a lecture to-day (Thursday) at 4-30 p.m. at the premises of the Society, First Floor, Chawl No. 32, D. D. Chawls, Worli.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION
Prof. J. C. P. d'Andrade will meet his class in Modern Philosophy to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. in Wilson College. The other classes for the day will be held as usual.

ALLEGED VIOLATION OF CONSTITUTION
Executive Members Of
G. D. C. C. Protest To
Bhulabhai

The following letter signed by Messrs. N. L. Upadhyaya, H. Shanker Rao, N. E. Kulkarni, C. P. Patel, N. T. Shroff, C. V. Varad, Ajit Desai and Smt. Gujraaben Desai is addressed to the President of the B. P. C. C. protesting against the action of the Chairman of a meeting of the G. D. C. C. Council, which was held on Sunday:

"We, the members of the Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, strongly protest against the arbitrary ruling given by the Chairman at the meeting of the Council held on the 4th instant on the point of order raised by us regarding the legality of the meeting.

It was brought to the notice of the Chairman that under Act V (4) of the Constitution of the B.P.C.C. regarding rules for convening meetings, five days' notice should have been given before the day of the meeting. In this case notices were posted on August 3 and received in due course by the members only on September 1, thus giving only three days' notice. This was pointed out to the G.D.C.C. authorities two days back by Mr. Masani and Mr. Prabhu.

Moreover as there was no specific mention in the notice circulated to us that it was "Special" or "Urgent" it could only be an ordinary meeting and as such the above rule requiring five days' notice should apply. We also bring to your notice that the G.D.C.C. has made no special rules of its own for convening meeting and is being governed by the Rules and the Constitution of the B.P.C.C. alone. This was admitted by Mr. Patil himself at the meeting.

OBJECTION OVERRULED
In spite of our pointing out such a gross irregularity the Chairman Mr. Gunwant Kapadia, supported the stand taken up by Mr. Patil, overruling our objection held that the meeting was in order and began to proceed with the business of the meeting. Since we felt that it was a gross violation of the Constitution of the B.P.C.C. and the meeting was absolutely unconstitutional, we the undersigned, left the meeting in a body.

We, therefore, request you to declare the above meeting as unconstitutional and direct the Secretaries of the G.D.C.C. to call a fresh meeting with due notice. We further request you to declare the business transacted at that meeting as null and void.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"She" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Gold Diggers in Paris" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EDWARD—"Radio Patrol" Daily at 3, 8 and 11 p.m.
EROS—"The Rage of Paris" Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR—"The Drum" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghban" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jailor" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Brahmachari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
METRO—"The Girl of the Golden West" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dharti-Mata" Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Drum" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Hawaii Calls" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Wee Willie Winkie" Two shows daily.

REGAL—"Happy Landings" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vachan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Yangrilla" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Ali Baba Goes to Town" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION
Mr. G. N. Gokhale, B.Sc., General Secretary, Indian Section I.S., will lecture in English in the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Theosophy and Reconstruction in India".

MATRA-BHUMI
Mr. J. Makhmooor of Rajputana has declared himself as the printer and publisher of a Hindi Weekly paper named "Matra Bhumi" before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay. The paper will be edited by Mr. Makhmooor himself. The first issue of the paper is expected to come out on Vijaya Dashmi day.

"THE DRUM"
Appeal To Management
To Withdraw Exhibition
Of Film
Mr. Aziz Hossain Mahommed Lalji writes:—
It is well-known that Indians totally disapprove of the British policy in regard to the independent tribes of N. W. Frontier.

Hence it is the bounden duty of Indians and particularly Muslims of India firmly to protest against any propaganda constituted to justify such imperialist policy. Especially when the propaganda takes powerful and effective form of a screen-picture, the necessity of making a severe and immediate protest cannot be exaggerated.

The British film, "The Drum", being at present simultaneously shown at the Excelsior and the New Empire clearly and openly propagates in favour of Imperialist Britain and against the independent tribes. That this is done under the pretext of depicting Frontier life enhances its bitterness, as the producers of the film industry in depicting the life of the Frontier people have openly justified the imperialist policy of Britain enforced there. The picture aims at showing that whatever is done there is done for the benefit of the Frontier people. The picture shows the Frontier people to be treacherous, wily and ferocious.

It is quite clear that such a picture would only rouse the feeling of contempt towards Frontier people in the hearts of those who see it.

"The Drum", through its propaganda wounds the feelings of Indians and particularly of Muslims and I, therefore, request the Bombay Government to take necessary steps to stop this picture being shown in the Bombay Province and I also appeal to the Management of Excelsior and the New Empire to discontinue the picture being shown forthwith.

If the picture is not discontinued till Thursday, Muslims of this city will try to express their feeling against the picture on or after Friday and they will be compelled to appeal to every Indian to participate and co-operate in such a demonstration as may be fittingly arranged.

I hope that the managements of the theatres screening the picture would take into consideration the feeling of the Muslim and would discontinue the picture of their own accord thus saving us from making any attempt at public demonstration.

WORKER CRUSHED TO DEATH

Ghastly Tragedy At Church Gate Reclamation

Churchgate Reclamation, opposite the Eros Theatre, was the scene of a ghastly tragedy on Wednesday afternoon. A pile-driver which was operating on the plot, where the Industrial and Prudential are erecting a building, came down on Nana Bana, a labourer at work, and crushed him to death, while his colleagues stood aghast and helpless.

Two other workers, who narrowly escaped being crushed, were severely injured and were admitted into the G. T. Hospital.

"AUDIT OFFICER AND DEFALCATIONS"

Standing Committee's Charge Against Editor

The Standing Committee at its meeting held yesterday considered the following communication from the Municipal Commissioner:

"I have the honour to invite your attention to the article headed 'Test Audit Officer and Defalcations' in the 'Bombay Sentinel' dated the 25th instant. On page 7 this article contains a quotation from a confidential report made by the Municipal Chief Auditor, regarding defalcations at the K. E. M. Hospital. This report was considered in camera by the Standing Committee at their meeting on the 11th instant, and the press representatives present were asked not to publish the proceedings. This is the second time after a short interval that this newspaper has abused the confidence of the Corporation. The former instance was reported to you in my letter No. S.R.9311, dated the 23rd November 1937. On that occasion His Worship the then Mayor (Dr. E. Moses) in drawing the attention of the press to what had happened, expressed the hope that it would not be repeated. I would therefore request you to bring the matter to the notice of the Standing Committee for such action as they think proper.

The Committee, after some discussion passed a resolution disapproving the publication of the report and directed the Secretary to request the Editor of the 'Bombay Sentinel' to give an explanation in the matter within a week.

The matter will be considered by the Committee at the next meeting after the receipt of the explanation.

The report of the Sub-Committee regarding a scheme for the free supply of milk to the undernourished needy children attending Municipal schools in the city will be considered at a special meeting of the Standing Committee.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)
This week-end proved a very quiet one.

Sunday saw a large crowd at the Chapel of Our Lady of the picturesque Bandra Hill. The suburban Catholics are now going through the Novena, prior to the feast, which is to be celebrated from September 11 to 18.

To-day the Proper Day of the feast, there will be masses till 10. His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay is to say the 7-15 hours, on September 10, there will be held Solemn Vespers.

On the day of the celebration, September 11, there are to be masses every hour beginning from 5-30. At 11-30 will be held the Solemn High Mass. His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay is to officiate in benediction after this mass.

The feast is to be followed by the Octave. On Sunday of the Octave masses will be said to the timing of the celebration day, but of these two will be Solemn High Masses.

On Saturday was held a special meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay East Indian Association at the East Indian Hall, Bandra.

The Committee at the very outset unanimously elected Mr. J. Felix Pereira, B.A., J.P., Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust, President in the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. D. A. D'Monte.

Mr. Pereira's public activities are varied. He is the President of various Associations in Bombay and Suburbs and has taken an active part in several social, sporting and religious activities.

Mr. Pereira has travelled widely in Palestine, Egypt, Italy, France, England, Belgium, Luxembourg and Switzerland during 1936.

GANDHI JAYANTI IN BOMBAY

B. P. C. C. To Organise Khadi Exhibition

The General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. have issued the following tentative programme in connection with the observance of the 70th Birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi:

The 70th birthday of Mahatma Gandhi will soon be on us. According to the Hindu Calendar it falls on the 21st September and according to the Christian Calendar it is on the 2nd October. The B. P. C. C. is arranging to celebrate this great event with the usual grandeur and has tentatively fixed the following programme for its observance, covering a period of 12 days, from 21st September to 2nd October both days inclusive.

The main item in the programme will be a Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition in the Congress House compound. The Exhibition will be opened on the 21st September and remain open up to the 2nd October. On the first and the last days of this period there will be public meetings under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. During other days, besides entertaining programmes in the Exhibition grounds itself, there will be Priti Bhajan, Hindi Education Competition etc., the yearly features in the celebration of this eventful occasion.

The exact programme will be announced as soon as it is fixed. In the meanwhile, we earnestly appeal to the citizens of Bombay wholeheartedly to co-operate with us in this successful observance of the birthday celebration of our great patriot and saint.

MOTHER OF FIVE WHO WAS ALWAYS TIRED

Now Awakes As Fresh As a Daisy

KRUSCHEN RESTORED HER LOST ENERGY

A mother of five has a lot to do. Especially a country mother. And this one was "always tired". But Kruschen ended all that—now she gets up feeling fresh, at five o'clock in the morning! She writes:—

"I find Kruschen Salts the best thing money can buy for my health. I am the mother of five children, and before taking Kruschen, I was always feeling tired and run down. Now, I am glad to say that I get up feeling fresh—and I get up at five o'clock in the morning! I do my housework, see to my children, and leave home at 6-30 to start my work in the fields, which lasts till 5-30 at night. I am very grateful to Kruschen."—(Mrs.) B.

Tiredness and that run-down feeling can be traced to one root cause. That cause is internal sluggishness; failure to keep the inside free from poisonous waste matter.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to smooth, regular action. Your inside is thus kept clear of those impurities which, when allowed to accumulate, lower the whole tone of the system. New refreshed blood is circulated to every fibre of your being, and tiredness is replaced with tingling energy.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.



Nature's way is always best

EVERY mother knows that maternal milk is the only perfect food for baby—the only sure foundation of baby's health and future development.

To-day, no mother need forgo this service of love—no child need be deprived of the inestimable boon of breast feeding. Science has supplied the means to ensure a rich supply of breast milk to the nursing mother and to maintain her strength before and after baby is born.

"Ovaltine" has proved invaluable to countless thousands of mothers everywhere. It is a complete and perfect food. Prepared from ripe barley malt and fresh creamy cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphates and vitamins, "Ovaltine" supplies in concentrated form every single element necessary to build up and maintain health, strength and vitality—not only for mothers but for every man, woman and child.

But remember, there is only ONE "Ovaltine." In the interests of health—whether in that of your baby, your family or yourself—reject imitations. Nothing can compare with "Ovaltine" for Quality, Value, Flavour or Economy.

OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Enables Mothers to Breast-feed their Babies

"Ovaltine" is packed in tins containing 4 1/2, 9 and 18 ounces. Compare these weights with imitations. "Ovaltine" gives more QUALITY, more in QUANTITY and therefore more in VALUE.

It is the most economical food beverage you can buy. As man as 24 cupsful of delicious "Ovaltine" can be made from the small tin containing 4 1/2 ounces.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores in Indian Distributors:

JAMES WRIGHT, LTD.,
85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta.

And at Bombay, Madras and Madras.

OE/229

Telephone No. 22827
Post Box 228

Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1965

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1938

REPRESSION IN STATES

Popular agitation for constitutional reform is, naturally, becoming nearly as intensive in the Indian States as it is in the Provinces. While progressive States like Mysore are making some attempt to make timely concessions to the people, other States are attempting to smother or cripple the agitation itself. In this class we regret to have to put a State like Hyderabad. In the name of safeguarding "public peace and tranquillity by checking the entry of undesirable into the State and enabling suitable action to be taken against those associations and bodies which interfere with the administration of the State" the Hyderabad Government have issued a Public Safety Regulation of a most drastic character. And the happening in Travancore and Kashmir lead one to believe that severe repression will soon spread to a large number of States. Under the Hyderabad Regulation "undesirable outsiders" entering the State will be liable to arrest without warrant or summary deportation with the maximum penalty of one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine or both if they return to the State. State subjects are required not to engage the services of such "undesirables" without permission under penalty of six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 and private individuals giving shelter to the "undesirables" will also be given three months' imprisonment. "Undesirable" institutions in the State will all be declared unlawful, and their members jailed, and those who assist in the functioning of such institutions will be imprisoned for three years. When a guilty person is under the age of 16, his parents or guardians will be liable.

Disillusionment

Inevitable

Such regulations were familiar all over India during the C. D. Movement. But now the Congress, which led the movement, is in power in the greater part of British India. The "undesirables" of those days are now administrators, and history may repeat itself in the States. There is no general Civil Disobedience Movement now in the States. But the draconian legislation like that of Hyderabad cannot possibly suppress popular agitation for constitutional reform. That agitation will, of

course, change with circumstances but finally it must triumph. We trust the State Congress will not find it difficult to convince the public that it is not inspired by communal considerations, but condemning the State Congress as a communal organization will not help the authorities. As Sardar Vallabhbhai says, it is the inherent right of the people of the State to demand responsible government and, if necessary, to resort to direct action. We feared that the Congress resolution of non-intervention in the States might depress the States people. But, happily, it has called forth an unexpected spirit of self-reliance and self-assertiveness among the people of States like Mysore, Travancore, Kashmir, Rajkot and several others. Official repression has even intensified their agitation and so it will in Hyderabad. Constitutional agitation there is at present of a mild character, and perhaps the authorities hope to nip it in the bud. They may seem to succeed for a time. But disillusionment will overtake them sooner than they expect.

Gandhi's Advice

To "C. P."

Disillusionment may have already come to the Diwan of Travancore, if he has any political insight. His repressive measures have called forth a spirit of resistance which he perhaps never dreamt of. It has spread even to the villages. The State Congress has done well to suspend for a time the programme of holding meetings in violation of the ban on them. But the agitation will go on in one form or other and will not end till autocracy is ended and responsible Government is inaugurated. If the Diwan is wise he should take this opportunity and accept Gandhi's advice to declare a general amnesty and allow free expression of opinion. We note with regret that he declines to follow the Mysore Diwan's example in appointing an outsider of unimpeachable integrity to inquire into the firing tragedy. But an inquiry he must have and a packed committee of inquiry will not satisfy the public. In this, as in other matters, the Diwan may for a time evade the demands of the public. But sooner or later he will have to concede them all. The sooner he does so, the better for all concerned.

Climax Of Treachery

Pressed by circumstances and more particularly Britain's yielding attitude towards "swash-buckling gangsters of Europe" Czecho-Slovakia is reported to be willing to purchase peace almost at any price. The fresh concessions that the Czech Government appear to have offered go far beyond anything one could have imagined. As the "News Chronicle" of London declares, "The Czechs have rejected only one of Herr Hitler's demands, namely, that for the recognition of the Nazi philosophy." But whether the Henleinists agree or not—if left themselves they would most gladly welcome the proposals as a boon—their official and unofficial friends do not seem to be satisfied. The former, that is to say, the Nazis of Germany, are disposed to find fault with the concessions; they are aiming at much higher things. But the unofficial friends, the British "realists," too, are not content.

The London "Times"—and let us remember that the Journal is very intimately connected with

the British Government—now advises the Government of Czecho-Slovakia to accept "the secession of the Sudeten districts as a possible solution of the Czech problem." Even critics of British realism, who have always known that the policy of realism is based exclusively on mean betrayals of innocent and friendly countries, must gasp with astonishment at this supreme and blatant treachery of British realism. The result of this suggestion would be to encourage Herr Hitler immediately to proceed to his desired goal, the annexation of the Sudeten Districts. British realism has consistently served Nazi aims. Now it is about to achieve the climax of that dishonourable service. It has prepared the stage for another Austria. But it is, we think, making a mistake. For Czecho-Slovakia is not Austria. The Czechs will fight and so will Russia and France. But since British honour is plunging such low depths, it is, perhaps, likely that Britain will betray France also.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Cleanings From The World Press
(By Our London Correspondent)

August, 30.
The "Daily Herald" has so often made a boast of being first with the news. Here is a sad commentary on its claim.

On August 29, 1938, it published on its Industrial Page under the caption "Thousands at Spain Rally" a report of what happened at Trafalgar Square on the previous day. One cannot know what happened to the "Daily Herald" but one could see that it woke up from a long, long slumber.

It announced that "several thousand trade unionists attended a demonstration in Trafalgar Square on the afternoon of the previous day in connection with the second anniversary of the Spanish people's fight for democracy." It then gave a list of the speakers, among them Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and altogether seemed thoroughly pleased with itself.

The fact is on August 28 Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was in Prague and there was no meeting to celebrate the second anniversary of the Spanish people's fight for democracy in the Trafalgar Square that afternoon.

Of course, such a demonstration to celebrate the second anniversary did take place in Trafalgar Square when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was here four weeks ago, when he spoke in Trafalgar Square amidst thundering cheers. However, the "Herald" forgot to report the demonstration then, which it has reported with great gusto after six weeks.

Japanese Not Wanted
Japanese merchants and City men have lost their favourite eating place in London—the Chinese Restaurant in Piccadilly-circus.

"No Japanese will be served at this restaurant," says a printed notice affixed to the entrance door. "Far from losing business we have been doing more business than formerly," was the statement of the management.

"It may be that feeling in this country is generally not very sympathetic with the Japanese and people admire the spirit which has prompted the management to bar the admission of the Japanese. At any rate no self-respecting Chinese could do anything else than exclude the Japanese considering the things they have done to China and the brutality with which they have carried on the war against the Chinese people. No Japanese will be admitted here again for a very long, long time," concludes the managerial statement.

The Scottish Blood
In Harley Street over the weekend where good stories brace up those about to be knifed, we heard the following:

An Englishman who was seriously ill was offered three blood transfusions by a Scotsman. He was so grateful to him for coming forward that he offered to pay him for each transfusion.

For the first time he paid him £5, for the second time he paid £1, for the third he paid 5s. Afterwards his benefactor said to him: "Why did you pay me so well for the first and so little for the last?"

"That's easy," said the Englishman. "It is the Scottish blood in me."

Haile Selassie's Crown?
In the back room of a Harrogate jeweller's shop is stored a diamond-encrusted crown of gold. The crown belongs to the jeweller, who said:

I will supply any prospective purchaser with adequate proof that this crown was Haile Selassie's. You can have it for £500 but that is the lowest figure. The crown has 718 diamonds set in a circle of gold. The jeweller would not say how he came to have the crown. A representative of Haile Selassie would neither confirm nor deny that the crown once belonged to the Emperor.

On Which Side Is Ford?
When he returned to the United States after his 15-day drive in England to raise 500,000 dollars for the transfer of refugee children from Central Europe to Palestine, crusading comedian Izzy Iskowitz, better known as Eddie Cantor, proudly let it be known that young Palestine settlers have named the town of Kvutzat Aryeh in his honour. The children translated his first name as "Aryeh." Its meaning: "The Lion."

Informed that Motor Magnate Henry Ford had accepted the Grand Cross of the German Eagle from the anti-Semitic German Government on the occasion of his 75th birthday, The Lion roared:

"Mr. Henry Ford, in my opinion, is a damned fool for permitting the world's greatest gangster to give him this citation. Does not he realise that the German papers, reporting the citation, said 'All Americans were behind Nazism'?" (Continued on page 8, col. 6)

Adventures Of A Roving Reporter

NOT SO PACIFIC!

A Rather Strange Company Learn Geography On Board A Japan-America Liner

By K. Ahmad Abbas

SS Hikawa Maru, somewhere between Japan and Canada.

It is Tuesday July 26 to-day. So was yesterday. In other words we have had a forty-eight hour day! It is not a "Believe it or not" item by Ripley but a simple (?) geographical phenomenon that you gain one day when you cross the Pacific from west to east. We had all read about it in text books in our elementary classes but it is a sad commentary on modern education that when the brief notice in our dining room announced that the next day, too, would be Tuesday July 26 and the fact was confirmed by the repetition of the date on the breakfast menu cards next morning not one out of three dozen passengers in our class could satisfactorily explain the reason why.

An Extra Day

How often in the rush and hurry of modern life, do we wish that each day could be stretched a little bit—say, to forty-eight hours? If such were possible, we tell ourselves, we could do a lot more things that we have so often to postpone for lack of time.

Those letters that we have to write, the visit to the barber for a hair-cut that we have been postponing for so long, the film that we have promised to show to the kids—we are sure we could do them all if only we had an extra 24 hours! And, yet, my own sad experience is quite the reverse. I promised myself to finish a lot of outstanding work during these two consecutive Tuesdays. In fact I spent Monday lounging about and trying to learn bridge from a fellow-passenger (though even after ex-

asperating him for several hours I can't yet tell the difference between "Two no trumps" and "Grand slam"). On the first Tuesday I took it easy, finding every excuse to avoid work. After all, I comforted myself, there is no need to worry. There is a whole day extra, thanks to geography and navigation and it would be sheer ingratitude not to take advantage of it. Was it not Wordsworth who bitterly complained: "We have no time to stand and stare"? Well, here was the time to do that. And so I stood on the deck and stared at the sea though there was not much to stare at as it lay foggy and the ship's siren shrieked repeatedly as we plied our way through the thick solid wall of fog. The next day, as one got up it was with a guilty feeling of having missed the opportunity of a lifetime and the more guilty one felt the lazier one became. It is only now after dinner at the fog end of the day that I have started work. But already the proteins and the vitamins and the carbohydrates of a heavy dinner in one's inside are inducing one to sleep and the ship rocks slightly with the dreamy movement of a cradle and the distant chugging of the engines sounds like a sweet lullaby.

A Foggy Voyage

Approaching the coast of Canada, July 31.
The fog at last left us yesterday so that as we approach the coast of Canada we can distinctly see the pine-covered slopes of the hills. Everybody is on deck and all the Canadians are bubbling with patriotic fervour, for to-morrow morning they will be home—Vancouver. More than half of our fellow-passengers will thus leave us and even for the rest of us it is practically the

journey's end and the next day we will disembark at Seattle.

It has been a rather tedious long voyage and no one is sorry that it is coming to an end. To begin with, for two days after we left Yokohama the sea was very rough and most of us did not even stir out of our cabins. The ship was tossed about by the mighty waves like a frail toy and I bitterly thought of the man who had called this the "Pacific Ocean." Pacific, indeed! Then, when it had subsided a little we encountered a heavy blanket of fog and one did not know whether to spend the time in the over-heated cabins or shiver in the biting cold on the deck. One could not look ten yards beyond the ship. Day after day we went on like this pinning for a sight of land and glad to have anything to break this monotony. The life-belt drill which was held on a particularly stormy, chilly and foggy morning, to the accompaniment of repeated blasts by the ship's siren which sounded like desperate signals of distress, provided a brief but very welcome and thrilling interlude.

Assorted Company

The passengers are quite an assorted company. It is, indeed, a veritable League of Nations. There are Japanese, Americans, Canadians, Englishmen, White Russians, and one more Indian besides myself—a commercial traveller from the Punjab. Three Police officers from Shanghai—two Canadians and one Englishman—are proceeding home on leave. They all try to look like Bulldog Drummond and read Edgar Wallace and Sapper. One of them has a big album full of pictures taken by him during the (Continued on page 9, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

GERMANS ARE SURPRISED!

The Germans actually pretend to be surprised at the precautionary measures taken by France on the Franco-German frontier. Having confessed himself duly shocked at this action of France, a German authority went on to declare that "Germany did not question the right of France to take whatever steps she regarded necessary for her security, but, on the other hand, Germany considered herself entitled to take similar steps, if necessary." Were it not that this amazing statement had emanated from Nazis who are capable of anything, one would be stunned at the impudence of it all. They pretend to be surprised when they have been themselves actually mobilising on an extensive scale on the French Frontier. And now they have the hardihood to say that they will take further steps, if deemed necessary. Probably, they would invade France and, when checked by the French, would proclaim their hurt surprise at such unprovoked and hostile action.

FRESH FETTERS

The fetters on the Press in India are already heavy enough in all conscience, but the Premier of Bengal is forging fresh ones for the Press of that unhappy province. He proposes to introduce a Bill penalising the publication of any official record relating to any affairs of State or any related matter or any comment thereon, except with the previous permission of the Government. If a newspaper comes under the clutches of the law, the Editor and the paper of the press will each be punished with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine or both. Nay, Government may either forfeit any security it may have deposited or may even declare the press to be forfeited.

WANTON VIOLATION

When official records are of such a character that their unauthorised publication is against public interest, they are amply

protected by the Official Secrets Act. But to penalise with imprisonment and fine and with the forfeiture of the press the publication of any official record merely because it is unauthorised is a wanton violation of the elementary rights of the Press. The Bill is also calculated, if not designed, to demoralise the entire Press of the Province by threatening some papers with penalties and tempting others with favours. It is up to the Press and the public of the whole country to denounce this Bill as an Act of intolerable tyranny. If it becomes law its poison will spread to other provinces and most States.

GOVERNMENT AND BURMAH RIOTS

Speaking on the adjournment motion relating to the Burma riots, Sir Jagdish Prasad stated in the Central Assembly that the Government "had already made representations to the Government of Burma, who were now fully aware of the anxiety felt in India and the strong feeling in favour of an impartial committee to go into the origin of the riots and the steps taken to deal with them." He also informed the House that the Government of India were taking up the matter immediately with the Secretary of State. One ought to be grateful for small mercies when they emanate from the Government of India. But is that all they could, or ought to, do? Even Mr. James went a step, however cautious, further than Sir Jagdish Prasad. Inaugurating the debate, Sir Ziauddin asked whether the British Government would have remained as silent as the Government of India if a similar situation had developed in India in regard to the safety of life and property of Europeans. We would invite Sir Jagdish Prasad to use the above standard in determining what the Government of India and the Secretary of State ought to do.

ARMY AND INDIA.

Congressmen, and in fact, the bulk of the people of India fighting for complete freedom for

their country and determined to be satisfied with nothing less, are not vitally interested in the resolution—essentially apologetic and "Liberal"—which Mr. P. N. Saprú moved in the Council of State the other day. But it is of interest to the people of India in so far as it reveals how intensely anxious the Government are not to allow even the remotest and most nominal association of Indians with India's own defence. The Government spokesman sympathised with the object of the resolution but all that his sympathy amounted to in actual fact was that he refused to accept the resolution. His speech clearly was a defence of the position under which the people of India and their representative do not and will not possess even a semblance of control over the policy of an Army for which they pay. The debate once more brought into bold relief that the Army in India is a British Imperialist Army.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some men do well by doing their best friends.

Jailbirds are always anxious to quit their nest.

The courteous gambler acquires wealth by his winning ways.

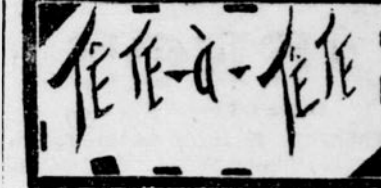
Cigars are often referred to as weeds. The reason is obvious.

Some people live from hand to mouth, but the stenographer lives from mouth to hand.

When the world owes a man a living it invariably settles the debt on the instalment plan.

What is a "financial genius" Dad?

"A 'financial genius' my boy, is a man who can earn money quicker than his family can spend it."



LETTERS TO COMMENT

Greeting Mrs. Pandit's arrival in London a British journalist reported, according to Mrs. Pandit, that "she started her daily round of activities with a Yogic exercise, standing on her head, and that the United Provinces was a 'backward Indian State'."

Speaking in support of his adjournment motion on the Burma riots Sir Ziauddin complained that had it been a question of Sudeten Germans' lives forceful action would have been taken long since. This is clearly a double "faux pas" on the part of the Muslim League M.L.A. for which he should be brought on the carpet by the Leader.

"MOMINS" v. "MUSLIMS"

Four persons, says a Cawnpore message, were injured in a clash between members of the Muslim League and Momins on Monday night. This is rather instructive. Maulana Shaikat Ali should visit Cawnpore, or in the alternative, write about it in his—Bombay paper.

The majority of non-official advisers in the Indo-British Trade negotiations have disapproved of the final proposals brought by Sir M. Zafarullah from London.

But their disapproval need not bother the Commerce Member. They do not account.

Indian opinion is represented by the minority of two advisers because it is constituted of:— (1) Sir Edward Benthall and (2) Sardar Bahadur Dattar Singh.

BRITANNIA RULES THE WAVES

It is reported from Calcutta that the All-India Radio will start school broadcasting programmes from various stations in October next.

We hope the programmes approved by the Government of India will duly please Whitehall.

"Why," demanded the President at the opening of the British T. U. C. session, "have not Britain, France and the Soviet plainly told Germany" to keep off Czechoslovakia?

Because. (1) The Soviet knows Britain and France rather well. (2) France is not at all sure of Britain and (3) Realist Britain from experience is very sure of the realistic patriotism of the British T. U. C.

"This brave democratic people (meaning the Czechs) must not be thrown to the wolves," thundered the T. U. C. President.

It is understood that on receiving this order Mr. Neville Chamberlain smilingly filed it along with similar instructions in regard to Spain.

"Contrary to expectations, no reference was made to Czecho-Slovakia in Herr Hitler's proclamation read out at the Nazi Party Conference at Nuremberg, which opened on Tuesday"—Press Report.

He did not need to probably because he has been pleased generously to give another chance to Britain to do the job.

Statues of Zaghioul Pasha were unveiled recently in Cairo and Alexandria. King Farouk himself performing the ceremony at the latter place.

We should not be surprised if the British High Commissioner were present at the function in Cairo with a striking and eloquent tribute to the late patriot from the British Government.

"The history of the Scindia Company has been one long and continuous struggle against vested shipping interests and yet without the least protection or help from Government the Company has survived the ordeal for the last 19 years."

—Mr. M. A. Master.

We only hope this does not shock the Government of India into waking up to the necessity of resorting to, as it were, a more "positive policy of peace" than the present "realistic non-intervention."

A TEATIME THOUGHT

"The origin of civilisation is man's determination to do nothing for himself which he can get done for him."

—H. C. Bailey.

"What is a 'financial genius' Dad?"

"A 'financial genius' my boy, is a man who can earn money quicker than his family can spend it."

Nazi Campaign Against Jews FEATURE OF HITLER'S ADDRESS AT NUREMBURG

AN ATTACK ON JEWS WAS THE CHIEF FEATURE OF THE ADDRESS OF HERR HITLER AT THE NUREMBURG PARTY CONGRESS THIS EVENING ON ART AND CULTURE.

He declared that the Jews as a whole were absolutely unproductive and their criticisms were of no consequence. The strongest opposition to Nazi-ism still came from international Jewry. The ejection of Jews from the cultural life of Germany should be regarded by other countries as a gain not a loss.

But, while they criticised crumbling and decay of culture in Germany, they were little inclined to admit representative Jewish art into their own lands. Germany's cultural achievements would attain world fame in years to come and their buildings would last longer than the gibbering of Democratic Jewish critics.

ROSENBERG ON RACIAL THEORY
A vigorous defence of the Na-

IF BRITAIN WENT TO WAR ON CZECH ISSUE Mrs. Pandit Explains India's Stand

LONDON, Sept. 8
"India is at present deeply concerned with the question of her own freedom, which is a matter of life and death for her and not a matter of minor political details," said Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, explaining the background of the Congress ideology at a conference of press representatives mainly of Indian newspapers. She deplored the complacency with which her arrival was met, the occasion for reports indicating that everyone was happy with the working of Provincial Autonomy in India. She said that this deeply pained her as also such manifestations of ignorance as a statement in one press report that she started her daily round of activities with a yoga exercise, standing on her head and that the United Provinces was a backward Indian State.

A QUESTION OF BREAD AND BUTTER

Backwardness and superstitions did not matter now nor small amenities such as roads and parks but only bread and butter and the free air of freedom. India was fighting for her independence and all her activity in the political field to-day was conditioned by that sole objective.

Questioned on the subject of the threat to the Czech democracy, and whether India as a protagonist of freedom would choose to side with England in the event of a war for the protection of the democracy, she drew attention to the Congress resolution on the subject and added that the matter was for the people of India to decide, but this could only be done by an India which was free to decide for herself.

She was asked if India could fight for democracy, while democracy was denied to her, and said "no that is a contradiction in terms."

Questioned about her future programme, Mrs. Pandit said that she would devote the next ten days to the matter of her health and the question of social activities, if any would be decided later.—Reuter.

SOUTH AFRICA'S ARMS PROGRAMME Defence Minister On Three Years' Plan

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 7.
The Defence Minister, Mr. Pirow, announced that the Government proposed to spend five million sterling on arms equipment and defence works, as also a million on coastal defences over three years. He added that the Union was training land forces which, under South African conditions, was likely to be superior to any enemy they will meet. The coastal defence scheme was sound. The Government aimed at mobilisation of 137,000 troops and thousand air pilots for normal defence purposes.—Reuter.

New Item In To-day's Radio Programme

Running commentary on the flood situation at Lucknow will be relayed in Bombay, between 8 p.m. to 8.25 p.m. to-day (Thursday) if technical arrangements are possible.

Litvinoff's Assistant Sacked

MOSCOW, Sept. 7.
The Council of the Peoples Commissars has ordered the removal of Assistant Commissar for Foreign Affairs, M. Somonikov. As M. Litvinoff's assistant, he has been in charge of Far Eastern affairs since 1926.—Reuter.

HAPPENINGS IN TRAVANCORE

Madras C. L. U. Chief To Study Situation On Spot

MADRAS, Sept. 7.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Madras Branch of the Indian Civil Liberties Union, it was resolved, in view of the conflicting reports as to the

Repression In Travancore

PROTEST MEETING ON SATURDAY

The Indian Civil Liberties Union will hold a public meeting to protest against repression in Travancore State at Matunga on Saturday the 11th instant at 8 p.m. at the Asthika Samaj Hall. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

happenings in Travancore, to deputise its President Capt. V. O. Nimbkar to visit the place to study the situation on the spot and make a report taking such help and assistance as he may consider necessary.—United Press.

World Achievement.

Elementary
Mr. Ellis might well have said, in the words of Sherlock Holmes, "Elementary, my dear Watson." And yet, not so elementary after all when you come to think it out.

To begin with, we know that this world is every day growing hungrier for phosphates than ever before. We are always taking out of the land what needs to be there, and phosphates are required to keep the soil rich.

But where are we to get our phosphates from? They come from a host of sources, two of them in the Pacific, for there, almost on the Equator, is the small island of Nauru, and near by is its companion, Ocean Island. You could walk across either in an hour. Till 1900 no one thought them at all important. Then Mr. A. F. Ellis made a discovery.

His father worked with a small firm which supplied Australia and New Zealand with phosphates. In 1899 Mr. Ellis was sent to work in Sydney, his business being to analyse the phosphates sent to him.

As soon as he took up his quarters he noticed that the laboratory door was propped open with a piece of rock. Somehow it attracted his attention. He kept looking at it. He learnt that it had been sent from Nauru three years before and had been classified as fossilised wood.

In the end, he broke a piece off and tested it. He found to his amazement that it was pure phosphate, and thus attention was drawn to Nauru and its sister which are now known to be almost solid phosphate, and, therefore, of immense commercial value.

Walk-Out In Kashmir Assembly

Protest Against Policy Of Repression: Boycott Of Budget Session

SRINAGAR, Sept. 7.
The budget session of the Kashmir State Assembly which commenced to-day was marked by a walk-out of 12 Muslim members. After the members had taken the Oath of Allegiance, Mian Ahmad Yar, leader of the Muslim Conference Party, rose to make a statement.

As he was addressing, Pandit Loknath Sharma pointed out that no statement could be made under the Rules.

In spite of interruption, Mian Ahmad Yar made a brief statement that in view of the present repressive policy of the Government his Party has decided to walk out and boycott the budget session.

Twelve members then walked out of the House. The Conference Party consists 19 members, seven of whom are now in jail in connection with the recent agitation.—A. P.

WARDHA, Sept. 7.—Dr. Rajendra Prasad informed the Press that the second meeting in connection with the arbitration of the Bengal-Bihar controversy would be held at Delhi on September 18 and 19.—United Press.

Ministers To Consider Wardha Terms

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 7.
The Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Congress have received a telegram from Karachi, dated September 7, from the Hon. Mr. Iqbal Bux, Minister, intimating that the Premier is unavoidably detained and would be reaching Karachi to-morrow morning, adding that all the Ministers must meet for discussing matters which vitally affect the fate of the province.

The telegram regrets their inability to reply to the Parliamentary Committee's communication to-day. In the meanwhile it requests the latter to withhold publication of their decision.—United Press.

C. P. MINISTER NOT TO RESIGN

WARDHA, Sept. 7.
The Hon. Dwarika Prasad Misra, Minister, C.P., when interviewed regarding the news appearing in the "Amrita Bazar Patrika," that he would resign his Ministership according to his promise to Gandhiji for making the Mahakoshal Congress Session a success observed that it was a case of wish being father to thought.

It is understood that he never made such a promise last month as stated in the report.—United Press.

SUBHAS' REPLY TO DR. KHARE

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 7.
President Subhas Chandra Bose's statement in reply to the lengthy statement of Dr. Khare, published in booklet form, is all-most ready. He drove to Shegaon to-day for showing the same to Mahatmaji.—United Press.

ST LEGER STAKES

Scottish Union Exhibits Derby Form As Stayer

LONDON, Sept. 7.
St. Leger Stakes run at Doncaster, over a distance of one mile, six furlongs and 132 yards, resulted as follows:—

Scottish Union 1
Challenge 2
Pasch 3
Runners were identical with the probabilities.

As the horses paraded, the light considerably improved, though it was raining slightly. At the first attempt, the field got away on a fairly good start. Scottish Union, who went quickly into stride led on the rails from Lail, Glenloan and Magic Circle with Pasch and Foroughi the last pair.

After the quarter mile, Magic Circle dashed past Scottish Union, followed by Lail Glenloan, Challenge and Poundfoolish. Halfway, Magic Circle still led, Pasch being the last. After the mile, Pasch began to move up on the outside, but its progress was slow. Magic Circle still led on, entering the straight, followed by Scottish Union, Glenloan, Lail, Pound Foolish and Pasch.

A quarter mile from home, Magic Circle dropped back, Scottish Union leading, with Challenge and Pasch making efforts to reach him. Pasch was the first to weaken. But Challenge and Scottish Union staged a great battle, the latter staying on better and winning by a neck.

Magic Circle was the fourth. Glenloan fifth, Lail sixth, Pound Foolish seventh, Ramtapa eighth and Foroughi last.

Time:—Three minutes eleven and three fifth seconds.
Betting:—7 to 1 on Scottish Union 100 to 8 on Challenge, 6 to 5 on Pasch.

Special place betting 11 to 8 on Scottish Union and others proportionate. Nine ran. Won by neck, four lengths separated the second and the third.

Cannon trains Scottish Union. Pasch was never prominent, running almost last most of the way and showed lack of stamina when made an effort in the straight. On the contrary, Scottish Union sustained the Derby form as a stayer.

It was the Millionaire James Rank's first St. Leger Horse that proved Derby form to be correct. His running will eclipse all wrong. James Rank interviewed by "Reuter" said that he was not a betting man. He had only a small wager.

Gordon Richards said "Pasch was not suited by the very bad pace at which they went. I have nothing else to say." Fred Darling trainer told "Reuter" what beat my horse was that they went at no pace. I have still no qualms about Pasch being a good horse"—Reuter.

KISANS DEMAND RELIEF AND REMISSION

LUCKNOW, Sept. 7.
While the Select Committee on the Tenancy Bill was sitting, about 300 Kisans from Itaunja police circle, twenty miles from Lucknow, demonstrated outside demanding remission and flood relief. They complained to the Premier about lack of food and fodder on account of the flood caused by the overflowing of a lake. On the Premier's assurance that he would make enquiries the Kisans returned.

Another Kisan demonstration was staged yesterday before the Court of the Deputy Commissioner and S. D. O. Twelve members of the Kisan Sabha are being prosecuted under Section 107 Cr. P. C. (Security proceedings) in the S. D. O's Court.—A. P.

"FRONTIER GANDHI" MEETS KISANS

Question Of Release Of Leaders

PESHAWAR, Sept. 7.
Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan visited Ghaladher early this week and met several Kisans. He listened to their difficulties with interest and promised to move the Government in the matter of releasing the Ghaladher prisoners after a settlement of the dispute.—A. P.

Defence Of Hankow

TOKIO, Sept. 7.
It is claimed that the inner line defending Hankow has been broken at three points near Teianfu.—Reuter.

W. I. F. A. Annual Dinner Association's Year Of Outstanding Success

The 8th Annual dinner of the Western Indian Football Association, was held at the Cricket Club of India, on Wednesday night.

Covers were laid for about 100 guests and the dinner was an all round success.

In proposing the toast of the W. I. F. A., Mr. A. A. Jadsenwalla said that the Activities of the Association were too well-known and needed no comment. By inviting first class football-playing teams to compete in the Rovers Cup Tournament and thus raising the standard of the game in Western India, the Western India Football Association had done a great deal in making the people of Bombay football-mind—the speaker continued to point out that what the Presidency needed was the existence of playing grounds.

CALL TO THE PUBLIC

In conclusion Mr. Jadsenwalla appealed to the people of Bombay to extend the helping hand to the W. I. F. A. and enable them to continue their progress of improving the standard of football in the Bombay Presidency.

Replying to this toast, Mr. A. C. Hinrichs, President, W. I. F. A. thanked Mr. Jadsenwalla for his kind and sympathetic words and said that Bombay could easily compete with Calcutta in so far as playing of this particular game was concerned but what his association needed badly was funds. Mr. Hinrichs appealed to the wealthy Indian gentleman to raise their finger and help the W. I. F. A. with some funds, so that the Association could show what they could do in uplifting the cause of football in Bombay, particularly in the Indian players also. Mr. Hinrichs continued that the W. I. F. A. was running the

Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament, open to Indian teams only, as far back as the year 1925, when they had only 11 entries but that last year they had 35 entries. This went to prove what the W. I. F. A. had done for Indian football and what more they might do, if they had the necessary funds and if their difficulties of grounds, etc., were overcome.

"THE PRESS IS THERE"

It was a pity that the Mayor of Bombay was indisposed and could not attend the dinner and listen to all this but "The Press is there," said Mr. Hinrichs.

Capt. G. C. Shaw, Vice-President of the W. I. F. A. proposed the toast of the guests and in the absence of the Mayor of Bombay, Capt. C. J. Nicole, of the R. I. N. suitably replied.

There were two other toasts, that of the B. P. Referee's Association, proposed by Mr. R. F. Munshi and replied by Mr. L. H. H. and the Press, proposed by Mr. F. F. S. Talyarkhan and replied by Mr. J. C. Maitra.

CHESHIRE IN SEMI-FINAL

Rovers Cup Football Tournament

The Cheshire Regiment, Bombay's League Champions, qualified to figure in the semi-final of the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, by defeating the All Blues from Jamshepur by 3 goals to 1, at the Cooperage on Wednesday evening.

Westcott, the Cheshire leader of attack, was in a scoring mood and was responsible for 2 of the 3 goals obtained by his side.

HITLER JUST MARKS TIME

(Continued from page 1)

the new Czech plan, but until Monday, when he makes his big speech on foreign affairs, he wants to weigh minutely the conditions of his refusal; particularly, he wants to put forward the principle of a Plebiscite, thinking that thereby he will retain the opportunity of proposing plebiscites in several European countries.

The 'L'Epoque' says that if arbitration comes later, it must not be at the price of further concession; otherwise, the independence of Czechoslovakia would be no more than fiction and we should soon repent of having opened the door to the invader.—Reuter.

GERMAN PRESS COMMENTS

BERLIN, Sept. 7.
The German press angrily comments that the plan had appeared before it was made known to Sudeten themselves. 'Boersen Zeitung,' says that the Czech concession is worthless if they do not include police power and administrative rights for the Sudetens.—Reuter.

BRITISH OFFICIAL OPINION

LONDON, Sept. 7.
The abstract of the new Czech proposals are now being studied in official quarters in London. The first impression is that they represent a basis on which negotiations might well be conducted. It is hoped in London that both sides may be able to get together and examine the proposals in a spirit of goodwill.—Reuter's Special.

Secession Of Sudeten Districts: "Times" Views

The secession of the Sudeten districts as a possible solution of the Czech problem is suggested in a leader in the "Times" in London.

It says that if the Sudetens now ask for more than the Czech Government are apparently ready to give it can only be inferred that the Germans are going beyond the mere removal of disabilities and will not find themselves at ease within the Czechoslovak Republic.

In that case it might be worthwhile for the Czech Government to consider whether they should exclude altogether the project which has found favour in some quarters, of making Czechoslo-

vakia a more homogeneous State by the secession of the Sudeten districts.

It adds that in any case, the wishes of the population concerned, would seem to be a decisively important element in any solution that can hope to be regarded as permanent.—Reuter.

NOT THE OFFICIAL VIEW?

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent learns that the suggestion of the "Times" regarding secession of Sudeten Areas does not represent any British official views.—Reuter.

RUNCIMAN RECEIVES HERR KUNDT

PRAGUE, Sept. 7.
Herr Kundt was received by Lord Runciman at 17-00 hours. The previous report that he has gone to Berlin is incorrect.—Reuter.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON TWO DEPUTIES

BERLIN, Sept. 7.
A German News Agency report describes an alleged attack on two Sudeten Deputies at Maehrisch-Ostau by the Czech mounted police with riding whips as "a monstrous scandal". The report adds that the Deputies had gone to investigate the reports of beating and ill-treatment of 82 Sudeten Germans who, it is alleged, were dragged from beds and imprisoned for possession of arms or weapons.

A telegram of protest has been sent to Dr. Hodza and Dr. Cerny, Minister for Interior, demanding punishment of the officers concerned. The incident is reported to have occurred at Maehrisch-Ostau where the police charged a crowd clamping for the release of a Sudeten, arrested on a smuggling charge.

It is alleged that the two Sudeten Deputies were struck by the mounted police, although they were brandishing legitimization certificates.—Reuter.

WARDHA, Sept. 7.—Mr. Hiralal Shastri, Secretary of the Jaipur Prajamandal, arrived here to-day to seek the advice of Seth Jamnmalaji regarding the future activities of the Mandal and some urgent questions connected with the same.—United Press.

Ahmedabad Retort To Bombay Leaders

KHANDUBHAI DEFENDS LABOUR BILL

Narrates Achievements Of "Mazdoor Mahajan"

(From Our Special Representative).

POONA, Sept. 7.

A vigorous defence of the Mazdoor Mahajan of Ahmedabad as a Trade Union organisation was put up by Mr. Khandubhai Desai in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day, during the discussion of the first reading of the Trade Disputes Bill.

"The Mazdoor Mahajan started by Mahatma Gandhi in 1919 was to-day an outstanding and the most successful Labour Union in the country and workers all over the country would do well to follow the same methods and the same tactics, if they wanted to achieve the same success" concluded Khandubhai.

This vigorous defence was made necessary by the provocative attacks made on the Mazdoor Mahajan by labour leaders who were opposed to the Bill. The Labour Union in Ahmedabad interested itself in bringing good to workers, unlike the Unions in Bombay, which were engaged in quarrels, resulting in splits in Labour ranks.

Who said that Ahmedabad workers had no politics and did not interest themselves in politics? They took very active part during the Civil Disobedience Movement. Their politics was the politics of the Congress, and not politics of any foreign country added Mr. Khandubhai Desai.

Mr. A. V. Chitre levelled and attack against the Congress Ministry for bringing forth a bill which sought to aim a blow at the root of the Trade Union movement. He told the Government that if they could not do anything good for workers, "for God's sake, do not do anything harmful."

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, who started the attack on the bill on Saturday and hoped to carry on till Thursday evening, took only an hour more to-day.

To-day, he advanced practically the same arguments as he did on Saturday. He hoped the Government would withdraw the bill, as it sought to kill Trade Union movement in the country.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

After question hour in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day, four rules from Draft Rules of Procedure were to have been discussed and disposed of.

Mr. B. G. Kher informed the House that the informal committee had discussed and come to the decision on these rules. But the leader of the Opposition who was a member of the Informal Committee was absent to-day. He therefore suggested that further consideration should be taken up on Thursday.

The House agreed to the suggestion.

TRADE DISPUTES BILL

Discussion on the First Reading of the Trade Disputes Bill was then resumed.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala continuing his unfinished speech said that the Prime Minister in his speech had given wrong information to the House by saying that workers took to strike at first instance.

Mr. B. G. Kher intervened, saying that he had not said that. What he said was that strike should be the last weapon in the armoury of workers and not the first.

Continuing Mr. Jhabvala said the workers admitted the neces-

sity of the process of conciliation negotiation and arbitration before resorting to strike. Always they tried to bring about some sort of settlement before they ultimately decide on strike. Let it not be understood that workers fell an easy prey to self-seeking leaders and went on strike. Mr. Jhabvala then referred to the Managing Agency system prevailing in the textile industry. He considered this system to be rock-bottom of all mischief. Trade unionism was a standing protest against this system.

"BLOW TO TRADE UNIONISM"

Continuing Mr. Jhabvala stated that the Bill was aiming a great blow at Trade Unionism in this province. Then again the provision for starting of different kinds of unions was very unhealthy in principle. It was vicious as the bill gave enough scope for company unions being started by employers themselves as rivals against genuine trade unions. The Bill had been based on the working of the Mazdoor Mahajan of Ahmedabad which was dominated by employers. While the Act of 1934 did not make any strike illegal even, though the process of conciliation was not concluded the present measure

(Continued on Page 9 Col 1)

Congress And Govt. Walk Into Same Lobby Battle Over Co-ordination Clause Of Motoring Bill

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The debate on Mr. Som's amendment for the omission of the Co-ordination Clause 42 was continued and ended in the rejection of the amendment by 77 votes to 20. Congress Nationalists and the European group voted for, while the Congress Party and the Government voted against the amendment.

The Muslim League party remained neutral.

POWER OF CO-ORDINATION

Only three speeches were made before the Division. Sir Ziauddin concluded his unfinished speech and then Dr. P. N. Banerji supporting the amendment argued that the Provincial Governments who were given the power of co-ordination would not be the proper bodies for the purpose.

He declared that if co-ordination was to be real it should be

CUTTING OF FILMS BY CENSORS

Questions In Assembly

(From Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 7. Government agree that indiscriminate and extensive cutting of films by a Film Censor Board would entail financial loss to proprietors of film stated Mr. K. M. Munshi, in reply to questions from Mr. G. K. Phadke in the Assembly to-day.

The Minister stated that the attention of Government had been drawn to comments in the Press on alleged indiscriminate censorship of cinema films by the Bombay Board of Film Censors. As far as the Bombay Board of Film Censors was concerned, the Minister added that out of a footage of approximately eight and half lakhs of Indian feature films examined by the Board during the half year ending 30th June 1938, not more than 2,000 feet or 25 per cent were found to be unsuitable for public exhibition. These figures gave clear indication that there was no indiscriminate and extensive cutting of films on the part of the Bombay Board.

The general principles for guidance of the Board were laid down in a pamphlet entitled "Bombay Board of Film Censors". "Suggestions to Inspectors of Films" in regard to examinations of films tendered for certification by the Board as suitable for public exhibition. Briefly the principles were that while no rigid rule could be laid down each film should be judged on its own merits and that scenes such as those extenuating crime, undermining teaching of morality, bringing into contempt public character acting as such, calculated to wound religious susceptibilities, etc., were open to objection and consequently to deletion from films tendered for certification.

Adjournment Motion In Central Assembly Disallowed

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The President ruled out of order the adjournment motion tabled by Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang to discuss the alleged sacrilege committed by Magistrate, Inspector of Police, Sub-Inspector of Police and constables in entering Juma Masjid at Simla with shoes on, thus wounding religious feeling.

Disallowing the motion, the President stated that it was a matter of police administration which was the concern of the Provincial Government of the Punjab. —A. P.

sought through a central transport Council on which both the centre and provinces should be represented.

Mr. A. G. Clow said that the general debate on the Bill and probably subsequent reflection seemed to have produced some effect on the opposition to the clause from the Congress Nationalists who were now not so uncompromising as before.

IS IT PRACTICAL POLITICS?

Mr. Clow agreed that if a co-ordinating authority could be set up in the centre it would be a great improvement but, apart from the constitutional difficulties, was it really practical politics? Would the provinces welcome at the moment an authority sitting at the centre with power to control road development and road traffic? He was sure that the provinces would say that

A SHORT STORY

Important Asset

(BY RICHARD HILL WILKINSON)

Old age is usually associated with inactivity. Inactivity, when a man has spent a life filled with work and accomplishment, is associated with misery.

It was so with old Charlie Morgan. Charlie was forced out of business at the age of 70. He retired, so to speak.

"I can't retire," he complained to his sons, Robert and Donald. "I haven't any money. I'm broke, flat broke. How in the world can I get along?"

"That's for us to worry about," Robert told him, and Donald said, "Good heavens, Dad, we'll take care of you. Don't for one minute think you can begin over again now. It's about time you took things easy."

This was fine as far as it went. Old Charlie did take things easy for a while. He puttered around the place and spent long hours chinning with old Cronies.

The boys, Robert and Donald, saw to it that the old gentleman had everything he wanted in the way of necessities, but they were in business for themselves and were having a hard time of it making both ends meet. They did the best they could for the old man, and he appreciated it. But the feeling of independence was lacking. He was dependent, and the thought made him miserable.

When winter set in, and there was no longer any "puttering" to be done, Old Charlie was forced to spend a good deal of time indoors. Hence he found more time to consider his predicament and allow his thoughts to drift back over his past life.

The result wasn't satisfying. He grew morose, and began to feel that he was in the way, useless, unimportant.

Then Donald's business took him out of town and Robert and the old man were left alone in the house. Shortly after this Robert announced his intentions of getting married.

"It won't make any difference with you," he told Old Charlie. "Both Marie and I want you to live on here with us. We'll have a great time together, the three of us."

Old Charlie smiled, and felt more miserable than ever. Robert's decision to get married had a double effect on him. First, he was glad that Robert didn't feel obliged to postpone his wedding because of the old man. On the other hand, he was pretty well informed as to young Robert's financial standing. He knew that the youth would have hard sledding for a while, supporting a wife and a father.

More and more Old Charlie came to realize that he was in the way. He had failed in business, and now he had to load himself down on his son. It wasn't right.

Robert, whose mind was totally occupied with plans for the forthcoming wedding and business matters, failed to notice the

change in his father, failed to perceive the unhappiness that had come to the old man. Youth can never comprehend the sadness of old age, can never fully appreciate the hopelessness of a future that seems black and empty.

"I've decided," old Charlie was saying, "to go away, Robert, and let you and Marie live here alone. I'm an old man and I'll only be in the way. I can go up to the old folks' home and spend the rest of my days."

You'll do nothing of the sort," Robert declared hotly. "You'll stay right here and look after Marie while I'm away at work. You'll live right in this house till the end of your days, enjoy the fruits of your work."

Old Charlie laughed bitterly. "That sounds a little like mockery, Robert. 'Fruits of my work.' Why, Bob, I haven't accomplished anything."

Robert's eyes were suddenly filled with pity and shame. It came to him how during the past few weeks he had neglected the old man, failed to pay him the little attentions that old age requires.

"Haven't accomplished anything!" he blurted. "Why, dad, what are you talking about? What is it you haven't accomplished? No man, as far as I can see, could have accomplished more. You've reared two sons, who aren't doing so badly. You've educated them both. You've done your duty to your home and to the Community. You've led a good, clean, honest life. You have the respect and admiration of every man in town. Haven't accomplished anything? Bosh! You mean you haven't made a lot of money. Why? Because you've invested it in your sons and your home and your town. And I want to prove you've made a wise investment. I want to pay you dividends. And mostly I want you to settle down and enjoy your income. To me you stand for everything that's fine and honest and worth working for."

Old Charlie gulped, tried to speak. "You—you mean that, Robert? You mean all that you said?" "Mean it! Say, I was never more serious in my life. Old men's home. Say, aren't you satisfied with this home here? And, moreover, Marie was just saying last night she wanted you to help her about making some alterations in the kitchen. And what's more, I received a letter from Don to-day. He's made some money and he's coming home. He wants to build a garage, and wants you to help with the plans. In the way! Say, you're more important around this joint than I am."

Old Charlie grinned and brushed a hand across his eyes. His vision was a little misty. But his heart was pounding. There surged up inside of him once more the old time feeling, an almost forgotten desire to live and work. (Copyright)

they would do great deal more to protect the railways and its influence would not be so tender on road transport as its supporters wanted.

Mr. Clow proceeded to point out that road traffic could not serve all the purposes that the Railways were now serving and no arrangement for the division of traffic could be made, because the rates structure on the Railways was a unit with its parts so interlinked that any change in short distance rates would have an effect on long distance rates as well.

32 AMENDMENTS DISPOSED OF Clause 42 occupied the whole of to-day's sitting and when the House rose for the day 32 out of 54 amendments to the Clause had been disposed of. The Congress Nationalist Party moved most of the amendments considered to-day but none of them was adopted.

ed. All the three divisions of the day illustrated Mr. F. E. James' saying in the course of his speech yesterday that "legislation makes strange bed fellows."

The Congress and the Government together in one lobby opposed the European group, the Congress Nationalists and on one occasion the Muslim League party also.

COMIC SEQUEL

A comic sequel to the Presidents ruling that the lobbies are parts of the House came during one of the divisions when Mr. Sriprakash raised a point of order with mock seriousness asking whether in view of the rule that no smoking is allowed in the House, any member could smoke in lobbies.

The President merely reminded members of the anti-smoking rule. The House adjourned till tomorrow to continue discussion on clause 42.—A. P.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

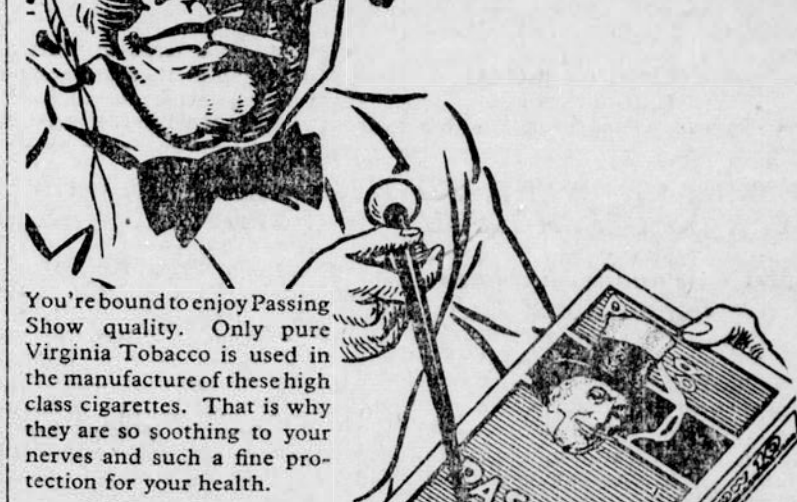
(Continued from page 6) Whose side is Mr. Ford on?"

Congress Of Street Cleaners Vienna, of all places, is the scene of a meeting portentously described as the International Congress of Street Cleaners. The Conference is continuing

all the week. One item on its agenda, a procession of 30 cleaning and sprinkling machines through the street, attracted 10,000 spectators.

The Conference included a new machine for cleaning pavements, an example of mechanisation which the less Aryan among the onlookers must have hailed with thankfulness.

PASSING SHOW quality is a tonic to your nerves

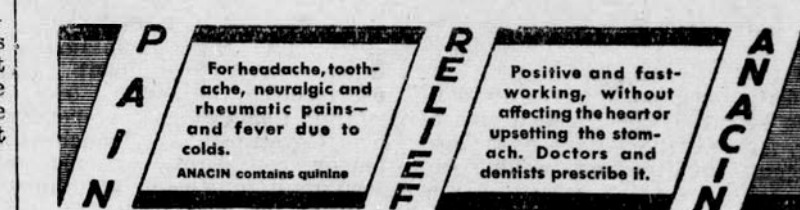


You're bound to enjoy Passing Show quality. Only pure Virginia Tobacco is used in the manufacture of these high class cigarettes. That is why they are so soothing to your nerves and such a fine protection for your health.

2½ ANNAS for 10 Golden in colour Golden in quality

PASSING SHOW PLAIN OR GORK-TIPPED

PS/36



A331

Don't Go BALD 'HARLENE - HAIR - DRILL' EACH DAY KEEPS BALDNESS AWAY HARLENE



GREMEX SHAMPOO

The super-cleansing, super-creamy lather of the GREMEX SHAMPOO is one of the most delightful hair experiences you can enjoy! It thoroughly removes all trace of dirt, dust, sebum and dandruff, leaving the hair and scalp sweet and fragrant with that wonderful feeling of complete cleanliness.

Free burnishing rinse included.

Special Notice to the If your hair is grey, going grey or losing its colour, GREY HAIRED you should instantly use ASTOL Hair Colour Restorer

FROM ALL BAZAARS AND STORES. EDWARDS HARLENE LTD., 20/26 Lamb's Conduit Street, London, England

HAIR GROWER & TONIC

As beneficial for Women as for Men Just 2 minutes every day can save years on your appearance! For nothing is more ageing or unsightly than baldness or even thinning or falling hair.

If you have noticed these signs approaching then you should commence to practice HARLENE-HAIR-DRILL! It takes only 2 minutes each day—but its results are extraordinarily efficacious. Falling Hair stops falling—Bald Patches are covered with a healthy new growth—the scalp is nourished and the hair becomes abundant and virile.

UZON BRILLIANTINE

Adds a beautiful finishing polish to the coiffure. Both men and women delight in this super-refined Brilliantine which is especially valuable to those with dry scalp, and keeps the hair immaculate in place all day!

In liquid or solidified form.

MUTT AND JEFF—Showing Here That Jeff's Advice Was Absolutely Unappreciated

By BUD FISHER



Ahmedabad Retort To Bombay Leaders

(Continued from Page 8.)

made it incumbent on the parties to conclude the process before they resorted to any other action. This only showed that the only weapon of strike was ruthlessly being snatched from workers. Compulsory settlement or conciliation was not going to bring about the right type of peace in the industry. Government had drafted the Bill very cleverly. The right to strike was not taken away but they had so provided that by the time the process of negotiations and conciliation was over the spirit of workers would have been melted away.

In conclusion he appealed to Government to drop the measure. **BASED ON SENTIMENT**

Mr. B. D. Lalla (Congress) supporting the Bill stated that opposition to the Bill had been based on sentiment and not on reason. The right of workers to strike was neither being taken away nor being curtailed. Strikes did harm to the industry, hence both parties to the dispute should explore all avenues before strike or lockout was resorted to. Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed (Muslim League) opposed the Bill and said that there was absolutely no need for legislation at present. It was a matter for regret that the Congress which declared that it stood for the poor should bring in legislation to take away from the poor workers their only weapon to defend their rights. He felt that Government should leave the matter to workers and employers to fight out their dispute and settle among themselves without Government interference.

WHY LIGHTNING STRIKES?

Mr. D. N. Wandekar supporting the Bill said that the Bill was not stray legislation but was one of the measures brought to supplement Government's policy. The question of settlement of hours of work and wages was being enquired into by the Textile Enquiry Committee and the necessary action would be taken when the report was ready. The right to strike was not being taken away. What was being done was to prevent the causes for lightning strikes. Arguments had been put forward that there were penal clauses against workers. Similar clauses existed against employers also if they did not fulfil conditions imposed on them.

Mr. A. V. Chitre opposed the measure. He thought that the Bill aimed to cut at the root of trade unionism and would be a great blow against the militant activities of workers.

Continuing Mr. Chitre stated that in this country working class movement was very weak and it might have to be strong enough if it had to successfully fight against exploitation. It was an open fact that the employer always came in the way of organisation of workers. Employers did not want workers to be organised and put obstacles in their way.

"PLEA FOR WITHDRAWAL"

To-day, industry was in a prosperous condition said Mr. Chitre and the worker can demand and employers can meet the demands of workers. Employers have never been willing to concede the demands of workers unless the pistol of strike was pointed at their forehead. This was an opportune time for workers to go on strike and demand more wages and it was just at this time that Government had brought forward the measure to prevent such strikes. That only showed that this Government wanted to protect capitalists. The measure if it was in the interest of anybody, it was in the interest of employers and certainly not of employees. It was not correct to think that with the elimination of communists and extremists from the Trade Union movement, it will die. It would never die till it achieved the objective namely the abolition of capitalism. He appealed to the Government that if they were not going to do any good to workers, please let them not do any harm to workers. If Congress Government was really friends of workers, as they always pretended to be, then they should withdraw the Bill. In spite of this appeal, if the measure was passed, then workers would revolt and Government would be forced to fire on them and workers would not give the same support to Congress as it did in the past elections.

Mr. M. M. Bhaiji supported the first Reading of the Bill and said that he had been surprised at the political arguments being advanced against the Bill which affected a purely economic problem. The measure aimed at industrial peace without violating the workers' right to strike. Past experience had shown that invariably strikes ended in failure to workers. The Bill sought to evolve a machinery by which success might be achieved by workers. The State had the right to interfere between capital and labour. It had the right to interfere because strikes and lockouts affected the society. It had to interfere to safeguard the interests of the weaker party in the dispute. All this time, Capital and Labour had never come together nor would they come together in future. The measure sought to bring them as near to each other as possible.

AHMEDABAD RETORT TO BOMBAY

Mr. Khandubhai Desai supporting the Bill replied to charges made by Mr. Jhabvala that the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association was not a Welfare Association and quoted the tributes paid by eminent British Labour leaders and Trade Unionists like Messrs. H. N. Brailsford, Tom Shaw and Whitley Commission as an outstanding and successful Labour Union in India. It had been said that the present measure had been modelled on the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association. The speaker wanted to know what was wrong about it. Reading the aims and objects of the Ahmedabad Labour Association, he pointed out that they were such as would be acceptable to any Trade Unionists. They included, among others, nationalisation of the textile industry and prevention of avoidable stoppage of work by negotiations and conciliation and obtaining redress of workers' grievances.

MISGUIDED LEADERS

The Labour Association of Ahmedabad, continued Mr. Desai, conducted 139 strikes, 124 of these were successful and 15 were compromised. Not one of them ended in failure. This he considered was a remarkable record for a Labour Union.

It was the primary duty of a Labour Union to look to the grievances of the workers. But the Bombay Union could not do that, because they had no time to do so. They were engaged in mutual quarrels. It was because of such a state of affairs that a Bill like this had to be brought, to protect the interests of the ignorant and unorganised workers.

Mr. Desai said that he had the greatest respect and admiration for the sincerity and earnestness of the Labour Leaders who had opposed the Bill. He, however, felt that they were misguided. If workers in Bombay were to follow the methods of Ahmedabad they were bound to succeed.

It was not true, said Mr. Desai, that the Bill sought to take away the right to strike. At least it was a postponement of the right to commit a sort of suicide.

Mr. Desai then dealt with the provisions of the Bill. The House adjourned till Friday.

U. P. MINISTERS & THEIR ALLOWANCES

LUCKNOW, (By Mail). In reply to Mr. Muhammad Faiyaz Khan statements containing the information required about the expenses of Ministers were laid on the tables of the Assembly. In this connection it was mentioned that domestic servants were paid by the Hon. Ministers themselves, and that in the case of the Hon. Minister of Local Self-Government the monthly salary bill on this account slightly exceeded her salary as Minister.

The Hon. Ministers sometimes contented themselves with a single second class berth. The Hon. Ministers did not use official stationery and service postage stamps for their non-official correspondence.

The building occupied by the Premier was a Government building and hence no rent was paid by Government. Rs. 34 per month was paid as water tax. The total expenditure of the Premier including his salary of Rs. 500 per month and cost of petrol and maintenance of car Rs. 150 per month from July, 1937 to April 1938 was Rs. 12,938-11-0.

In the case of the Minister of Local Self-Government the house rent was Rs. 481 and the total expenditure was Rs. 16,925-4-0.

The Minister of Justice occupied a Government building for which no rent was paid. Rs. 43-5-2 was the monthly bill for water and meter. His total expenditure was Rs. 13,716-7-6.

The Revenue Minister occupied a building the rent of which was Rs. 183 per month and his total expenditure was Rs. 15,108-1-0.

The house rent paid for the Minister of Communications was Rs. 440 for two months and Rs. 161-8-0 per month afterwards. His total expenditure was Rs. 16,702-13-0.

The house rent paid for the Minister of Education was Rs. 150 per month and his total expenditure was Rs. 14,331-10-2.

All the Ministers travelled in second class compartments at State expense.

More Powers For Baroda D. L. B.

(From Our Correspondent). BARODA, Sept. 5. It is learnt that His Highness the Maharaja of Gaekwar of Baroda desires to grant more rights and privileges to District Local Boards.

Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachari is expected to visit Simla in the second week of September.

There are several Canadian, American and English missionaries on board. Most of them are coming from Japan while there is one couple from a small town in the United Provinces in India. I asked them what they thought of the new Government of U. P. and they had nothing but praise for it and held that the Congress Ministry was surely doing much for the welfare of the peasantry. With one of the old missionary ladies from Japan I have been playing hide and seek throughout the voyage. She seems to suffer from a fixed notion that my soul must be "saved" and she loses no opportunity of impressing upon me the terrible consequences of not following "the way of the Christ." I once told her that I considered myself a much truer follower of Christ than many of her English compatriots who preach Christianity and practise Imperialism. But she naively insisted that we must keep politics apart. I asked her about her work in Japan and she seemed quite hopeful. "Oh, you have no idea of how hungry those poor folks are for spiritual food," she said attacking a big slice of cake but when I said that she must be finding her work of conversion difficult in view of the prevalence of the Shinto cult according to which all Japanese must believe in the divinity of the emperor, she replied, "Oh, we don't interfere with Shinto. We just preach the gospel without challenging the people's attitude towards their emperor."

And I wondered what would have been the history of the world if Christ, too, had acted upon that policy.

Indian Music Has Charm

Incidentally, most of the Americans on board seem to be surprised that we Indians can speak English without any evident difficulty. One of the missionary ladies once embarrassed me by asking, "Young man, were you at Oxford or Cambridge?" and when I confessed that I had been to neither of these two Universities she would hardly believe me. "But where did you pick up that English?" In reply I had to enlighten her about the history and political status of India as a British possession, so that it was evidence of national servitude rather than personal merit that Indian students acquired all their education in a foreign tongue.

One of the few diversions on board has been the gramophone in the lounge. Within a few days we tired of playing the Japanese and American records (there is not much difference between the two as modern Japanese music is wholesale palagiarism of the American tunes) and, then, Indian music held its sway. I have a few records with me and the other Indian has some of his own. By sheer repetition we got our

ADVENTURES OF A ROVING REPORTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

Japanese invasion of Shanghai but when I talked to him I found that he had a pictorial rather than any human interest in this sordid drama of murder and destruction. The reverse, however, is the case of two American youths, a girl and a boy who were among a group of exchange students sent from American Universities to the Chinese University of Lingnam at Canton. They have been through almost a whole year of air-raids but it speaks for their nerve that while most of their other comrades returned to America these two remained until the completion of the full term. "Afraid of the war?", they said in answer to a query. "But that is why we had gone there. We were keen to study China during this historic phase and the exchange student scheme gave us a welcome opportunity. They are both confident of an ultimate Chinese victory and speak in glowing terms of the great role being played by the "Red" army not only in keeping the invaders at bay but in creating a social and economic consciousness among the mass of Chinese peasants.

Trade Follows Flag

There is a White Russian amongst us who is a fur trader from Manchukuo on his way to America. He tells me that the Japanese have put an embargo on all exports from Manchukuo and given the monopoly of almost all internal and external trade to big Japanese concerns. And yet in establishing Manchukuo they had declared that it would be an open country! Before leaving Japan I had read in a Tokyo paper of the big dividends that Japanese firms operating in Manchukuo are declaring. While they should provide food for thought to those who cannot find any motive for Japan's policy of aggression except a mystical notion of national glory. The story of all capitalist-imperialist adventures is the same—Trade follows the flag!

There are several Canadian, American and English missionaries on board. Most of them are coming from Japan while there is one couple from a small town in the United Provinces in India. I asked them what they thought of the new Government of U. P. and they had nothing but praise for it and held that the Congress Ministry was surely doing much for the welfare of the peasantry. With one of the old missionary ladies from Japan I have been playing hide and seek throughout the voyage. She seems to suffer from a fixed notion that my soul must be "saved" and she loses no opportunity of impressing upon me the terrible consequences of not following "the way of the Christ." I once told her that I considered myself a much truer follower of Christ than many of her English compatriots who preach Christianity and practise Imperialism. But she naively insisted that we must keep politics apart. I asked her about her work in Japan and she seemed quite hopeful. "Oh, you have no idea of how hungry those poor folks are for spiritual food," she said attacking a big slice of cake but when I said that she must be finding her work of conversion difficult in view of the prevalence of the Shinto cult according to which all Japanese must believe in the divinity of the emperor, she replied, "Oh, we don't interfere with Shinto. We just preach the gospel without challenging the people's attitude towards their emperor."

And I wondered what would have been the history of the world if Christ, too, had acted upon that policy.

Indian Music Has Charm

Incidentally, most of the Americans on board seem to be surprised that we Indians can speak English without any evident difficulty. One of the missionary ladies once embarrassed me by asking, "Young man, were you at Oxford or Cambridge?" and when I confessed that I had been to neither of these two Universities she would hardly believe me. "But where did you pick up that English?" In reply I had to enlighten her about the history and political status of India as a British possession, so that it was evidence of national servitude rather than personal merit that Indian students acquired all their education in a foreign tongue.

One of the few diversions on board has been the gramophone in the lounge. Within a few days we tired of playing the Japanese and American records (there is not much difference between the two as modern Japanese music is wholesale palagiarism of the American tunes) and, then, Indian music held its sway. I have a few records with me and the other Indian has some of his own. By sheer repetition we got our

ENEMY OF HEALTH

Typhoid is prevalent in the Tropics. Do you know how to prevent yourself from contracting this deadly fever?

Know more about it by reading the informative leaflet issued by the Insurance Welfare Department of the Bombay Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Bombay.



FREE Leaflet

AS TO PREVENTION
WRITE TO

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO LTD

45-47, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

Established 1908

LUCKNOW KHADI & INDUS- TRIAL EXHIBI- TION 1938

Held by
**THE MOTILAL MEMORIAL
SOCIETY**
AT
**AMINUDDAULA PARK
LUCKNOW**
From Novr. 19 to Decr. 3
Apply to Office,
Aminuddaula Park
LUCKNOW.
JAI KRISHNA TANDON,
PULIN BEHARI BANERJI,
Secretaries...

**DON'T BE AFRAID
TO SMILE!...USE**

Odol

TOOTHPASTE

ACIDITY...

Don't suffer needlessly from acidity, acid indigestion and acid gastric pains. Take BiSoDoL—the modern antacid that doctors prescribe because it is fast-working and safe.

BiSoDoL

No. 324

**Every Pill is worth
its weight in
GOLD!**

**The Modern Powerful Tonic
FOR VIGOUR AND HEALTH**

Why such a high value on a tiny pill? Because these pills, called Realton Bisleri, put new health, new life and new vitality into you and are more precious than riches.

Obtainable at leading chemists.

REALTON Bisleri

Here's the tyre whose TOUGH tread is specially built to resist the battering effect of road-shock

EVERY time each portion of your tyre-tread strikes the road it receives a battering, shocking blow—300 such blows per minute, even at the moderate driving speed of only 30 to 35 miles per hour. The TOUGH rubber in the thick tread of this great tyre is built to absorb those blows—with minimum tread wear. That's why you get such long, non-skid, sure-traction mileage from the ALL-WEATHER TREAD tyre—the most popular tyre in all the world!

Have your Goodyear dealer fit a full new set!

GOOD YEAR

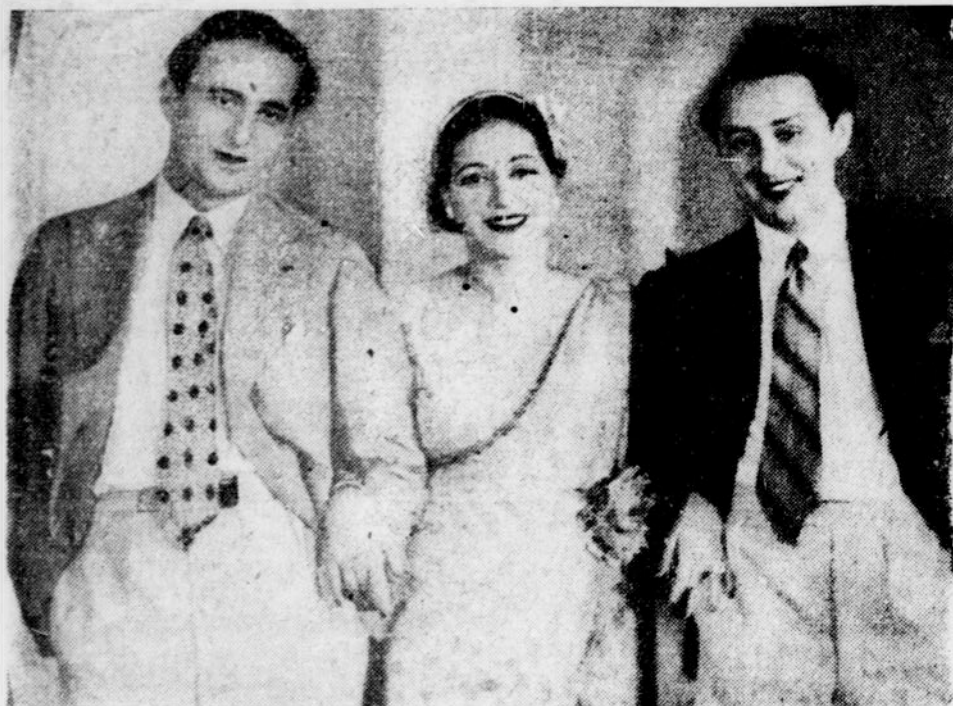
MADE IN INDIA—SPECIALISED FOR INDIAN SERVICE

fellow-passengers to like the Indian songs. One of the Americans, a Jew, has become particularly fond of them as he says there is much affinity between Indian classical music and Jewish

church music. Anyway, it is amusing to watch this mixed gathering listening to Saigal and Uma, Motilal and Sabita Devi, Surendra and Bibbo and the rest of them. And last of all I put on the "Vande

Mataram" record and even the Beer-drinking Englishmen are rushed into reverent silence by the plaintive but inspiring melody of India's national anthem. (Copyright, Author)

SEEN ON THE INDIAN SCREEN



Bilimoria, Sulochana and Jal Merchant in 'Premki Jyoti', Ruby Pictures' coming release.



A scene from "Dharti Mata" with Dey, Saigal and Nawab in prominence.



Vinayak, Malvankar and Nurjahan in "Brahmachari" at the Majestic.

"Brahmachari" At Majestic

A Satire On The Fad Of 'Celibacy'

Man's distinguishing quality among the animal kingdom, in his ability to laugh, which makes laughter more essentially a human institution than anything else, which also makes a laugh-provoking story more truly popular than the spectacular or any other kind of story.

That is why Huns Pictures' laugh-a-minute comedy "Brahmachari" has so quickly caught the imagination of the public. Released on Saturday last at the Majestic Cinema in Bombay and the Prabhat Talkies in Poona, the picture has been drawing capacity houses at both places from the very first show, and for every show.

And no wonder, taking into consideration the fact that the story of "Brahmachari" was written by the very popular satirist, Principal P. K. Atre. Mr. Atre's humour is free and easy. His satire is subtle without being abusive. He pokes a light finger into the ribs of modern institutions, without intent to hurt. It is all went in good part, and is taken in good part.

Heartily interpreting the spirit of the author, is a very intelligent cast, headed by Vinayak, Meenakshi and Damuanna. Malvankar. They put a hearty chuckle into every gag and wisecrack, and make the whole picture intensely lively.

We know Vinayak's capacity for comedy performance, by his work in "Premveer". Malvankar, too, is a known comedian. Meenakshi, on the other hand, is a newcomer

'FASHIONABLE WIFE' IN SECOND WEEK

A Timely Picture For Cultured People

Shree Vishnu Cinetone's social film, "Fashionable Wife," which was opened last week by the leading social worker Mrs. Jaishree Rajji at the Lamington Talkies has proved to be a great success.

It has been regarded by all as a topical timely production throwing a flood of light on the much-discussed problem of polygamy.

In her presidential speech, Mrs. Rajji congratulated the Producers for rendering a great service in the cause of the women's emancipation and looking to the number of ladies daily thronging at the theatre, one can easily say that the Vishnu Cinetone have well deserved these congratulations.

Suvarna, a rising star of ability, has put over a splendid performance in her stylish character of a Europeanised ultra-modern girl.

Anil, has ably acquitted himself in the responsible role of Dr. Girish whereas Urmila Gupta carries the sympathy of the whole

(Continued in col. 3.)

to the screen. But if you see "Brahmachari," you will not believe she is a newcomer. She is pretty, smart and agile. But she is also endowed with a supreme self-confidence and an exquisite artistry that are usually associated with long years of experience and practice.

Huns Pictures are to be congratulated on the acquisition of this new star. They are also to be congratulated on the fine success of "Brahmachari."

"BAGHBAN" GOES ON FOR 8 WEEKS

General Films' Great Success At Imperial

Bombay film fans have given well-deserved support to General Films' "Baghban" which is in its 8th week at the Imperial. The story deals with modern Hindu society but its appeal is on no means limited to any particular class or community as it is based on the fundamental impulses of humanity.

The plot which centres round a girl who was married in her infancy



Anil Kumar in "Fashionable Wife".

fancy and whose husband is supposed to have been drowned. Brought up in ignorance of her widowhood, she falls in love with a convict working in the garden of her father, the Superintendent of a jail. The climax of the story comes when the poor convict is discovered to be no one else than the long-lost husband of the heroine.

The direction is in the able hands of Mr. A. R. Kardar who has selected a splendid cast of artistes most of whom have already won All-India fame by their performances in other pictures.

Ashraf Khan who has given splendid performances in many pictures produced by the Saroj Studios here appears as a Sadhu who brings up the homeless and helpless hero.

Nazir and Lalla Yakub figure as the parents of the heroine and hero. K. N. Singh whose performances for New Theatres and East India Films in Calcutta have elicited much praise plays the part of the crooked suitor for the hand of the heroine. Yasmin appears as a vamp and Sitara as the companion of the heroine. Wasti and Mirza Musharraf put up excellent performances in supporting roles.

(Continued from col. 2) audience by her pathetic portrayal of a wronged "first wife." And who can forget Meher Sultana, that fiery college girl, who roars like a lioness and argues like a barrister against her own brother Dr. Girish?

"Fashionable Wife" is a real treat for the cultured classes and a lively entertainment combined with a thought-provoking theme.

Devika Rani Excels Herself

Remarkable Performance Of Her Career In 'Vachan'

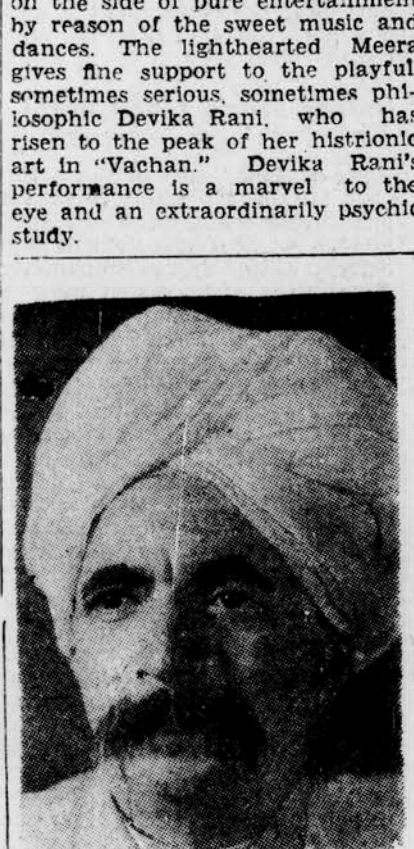
"Vachan" running for the third week at the Roxy and drawing crowded houses is not a cheap romance. The hero of the film Ranadhir, played by Ashok Kumar has actually to pass through quite a number of tests before Shyama played by Devika Rani begins to feel for him any fascination.

Shyama never wanted to marry because, her observation of marital experiences of other people, particularly those of her sister, had made her almost a manhater, although she always expressed her sentiment with a charm that culture and tender bringing up alone can lend. In her eyes, Ranadhir was only an idle Shikari who killed innocent wild ducks.

She discovered later that it was her misfortune that she came to know of him only in that unpleasant phase of life and she came to know that Ranadhir not only risked the favour of his master by joining a horse race by disobeying his explicit orders but he also risked his life by responding to Bhimsingh's challenge for a duel. He had rescued her from Bhimsingh's clutches and therefore he appeared to her in the light of a hero, a hero of heroes.

The concluding scene of the picture is a most enchanting episode in the picture. It has a touch of sublimity and the restraint that characterises the whole picture seems to reach its excellence in the last scene. The lovers meet face to face, for the first time in their life, only to find that one of them was to live not more than a few minutes. They pour out their hearts to each other only in very brief half-uttered sentences by the side of a fire when their garments are tied together, as an emblem of their everlasting union.

Apart from the pathos of this love romance which is most gripping, the earlier portions of the picture leave nothing to be desired on the side of pure entertainment by reason of the sweet music and dances. The lighthearted Meera gives fine support to the playful, sometimes serious, sometimes philosophic Devika Rani, who has risen to the peak of her histrionic art in "Vachan". Devika Rani's performance is a marvel to the eye and an extraordinarily psychic study.



Mama Bhat in 'Mera Ladka' coming.

"CAT" TO COME ON SATURDAY

Ranjit's New Social Picture At West End

After "Gorakh Aya," a spectacular melodrama now comes Ranjit's hilarious social comedy "The Cat" to be screened at the West End Talkies, Bombay, from Saturday 10th September.

Ranjit's newest and most glamorous romantic teams make their debut in the persons of Sunita Devi with Eddie Billimoria and Ila Devi with Ishwarlal in this social comedy, "The Cat," de-



Urmila Gupta in "Talwar-ka-Dhani".

dicting the colourful matrimonial adventures and misadventures, to force you to laugh away your blues.

Even before this crazy little comedy was completed, its director Jayant Desai and his co-workers were so deeply impressed with the effectiveness of Sunita Devi and E. Billimoria—and Ila Devi and Ishwarlal that they made up their mind to produce another social comedy to fit these teams.

"The Cat" tells a romantic tale of two boys and two girls who revolted against the bondage of marriage inflicted upon them by their parents. They argued that if they were consulted when buying their own clothes, why not consult them when it is the question of their life-long companionship?

Full of song and dance, love and romance, "The Cat" has a mighty cast headed by Sunita Devi, E. Billimoria, Ila Devi, Mazhar, Khatoon, Ishwarlal, Ghory and Ram Apte. The musical hits by Kalyani are really attractive and pleasing.

TAMIL TALKIE AT PLAZA

The Tamil talkie "Minnal Kodi" will be shown at Plaza on Sunday morning. It is a stunt picture full of thrills and daring action. The story centres round an amazon who was not only the queen of the underworld, but had also the Robinhood qualities of robbing the rich and feeding the poor. She had successfully defied the police, and a minion of the fraternity of law and order who pledged his life to run to earth "Minnal Kodi" unconsciously found himself caught in the love net adroitly spread by her. Then arises the dilemma (Continued on Page 11, col. 4)

'POORNIMA' COMING ON SATURDAY

Prakash Pictures' Social At Krishna

"Prakash" Picture's "Poornima" will be released on September 10 at the Krishna Talkies.

The story of the picture is from the masterpen of Sjt. Ramanlal Desai who is a past master in novel writing in Gujarati.

The story depicts the struggles of a fallen woman who organises a vigorous love campaign against the society that denies her a right to marry. It also leads an effective attack against the present day society as it is widely sent from the point of weakening morality and thus pleads for the betterment of a number of fallen women who eagerly await their emancipation.

Prakash has spent nearly two years of deep concentration to prepare this picture. Artists of merit have been called forth under its roof for giving the best artistic effect to this great Gujarati masterpiece. Mr. Balwant Bhatt, the director of "Sacred Scandal" has handled this difficult task.

The art effects are given by Kanoo Desai, one of the greatest artists of Gujarat. Mr. Shanker Rao Vyas, the celebrated disciple of the late Pandit Vishnu Digambar, has made the picture musically perfect. Pandit 'Anno' wrote the beautiful songs of "Poornima."

Calcutta Art Players For Bombay

Dance recitals and dramatic performances by the Calcutta Art Players will soon be staged in

Dharti Mata's Popularity

Chiefly Due To Nitin Bose's Genius

Stepping into its fifth week, New Theatre's "Dharti Mata," directed by Nitin Bose, deservedly maintains the high measures of popularity that it gained in Bombay. There is a perfect polish about the picture, no wastage of footage or wordage, no exaggeration of the dramatic or the sentimental element. Everything is cut to believable proportions, and chiselled into authentic shapes.

To Nitin Bose—scenarist, director and photographer of "Dharti Mata"—belongs the main credit for these results. Indeed he had a brilliant cast. But no amount of star brilliance will take a picture anywhere farther than its director can take it. "Dharti Mata" establishes Nitin Bose's reputation as one of the two or three film personalities who would uphold the international prestige of the Indian film industry.

Bombay. Mr. Madhoo Bose, well-known Calcutta Director will be in charge of about 35 artists who will include Miss Sadhona Bose, sister-in-law of Hon. Sir B. L. Mitter.

Short dramatic episodes from Indian mythology, Tagore's poems and dances will be given to the accompaniment of music composed by Timier Baran who was the Director of Music in Uday Shankar's troupe will be a special feature of the Calcutta Art Players.



Ashok Kumar and Agajani Kashmiri (Scenario-writer) in "Vachan" at the Roxy.



Miss K. T. Rukmini and Srinivas Rao in 'Minnal Kodi' Tamil picture at Plaza on Sunday Morning.

Scratch-proof Point
wrought of 14K Solid
Gold, Osmiridium
tipped.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON EIGHT POINTS UP

Indian Sterling Loan Declines

CROSS. RATE STEADY

NEW YORK COTTON

Bear covering influenced by steadiness of securities and the improved foreign enquiry enabled the New York cotton to show the brighter sentiment. Trade buying support gave further impetus.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Markets were generally quiet but the undertone was satisfactory. Other sections remained steady. Gilt-edged securities displayed easiness.

WHEAT

Liverpool wheat was easy owing to the absence of buyers. Shippers offers caused further depression.

BOMBAY, September 7

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

Previous closing	New York, Sept 7
7.36	7.36
To-day's opening	7.36
To-day's closing	7.36
Difference	0.00

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Previous closing	Liverpool, Sept 7
4.36	4.36
To-day's opening	4.36
To-day's closing	4.36
Difference	0.00

BROAD EXPECTATION

April May 1939 Rs. 156.4

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

The New York cotton displayed the brighter sentiment following the improved foreign enquiry and some covering purchases influenced by steadiness of securities. The trading in October commenced at 7.36 i.e. unchanged. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and trade buying. The market gained further ground on renewed support with the rate rising to 8.06.

NEW YORK COTTON

The following were the opening ranges:—
October (8.06/8.06) 7.99/7.96
December (8.11/8.11) 8.03/8.02
January (8.11/8.11) 8.02/8.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

American October (4.58) 4.52
American January (4.66) 4.61
Egyptian November (6.62) 6.59
Egyptian January (6.89) 6.85

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

In the local market, Broach April/May opened at Rs. 155-8, and after easing to Rs. 154-4 recovered to Rs. 156-4. It closed finally at Rs. 156. New York October position was 8.06 i.e. +08.

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept 7

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (3-5) 3-5
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-8

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop September October (219 1/4 paid and value) £19 paid and buyers
Dundee September (222 1/2) £22 1/2
Lightning September (220 3/4) £20 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 paid and buyers) 7 15/16
Forward January March (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 1/8 paid and value

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay September October (210 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linsed Calcutta September (211 7/8 sellers) £11 13/16 sellers
Linsed La Plata September (210 11/16 sellers) £10 5/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandel October (29 7/8 paid) £9 15/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (219 1/2 buyers £193 sellers. Very steady) £190 3/4 buyers £191 1/4 sellers. Barely steady
Lead (214 3/16 buyers £14 1/4 sellers. Firm) £14 11/16 buyers £14 13/16 sellers. Firm
Electrolytic Copper (246 1/2 to 247 1/2) £46 1/2 to £47 1/2
Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 7
Liverpool wheat market closed 10 days at October 56 1/2

3 1/2% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations
Bombay, Sept 7
The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 98-14 1/2 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, Sept 7
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £92 1/4
Closing quotations on the previous days were:—
Tuesday August 30 £94 1/8
Wednesday August 31 £93 3/4
Thursday September 1 £93 1/4 Ex Div
Friday September 2 £93
Monday September 5 £92 3/4
Tuesday September 6 £92 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 7

3 per cent Indian (£99) £99
1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/2) £92 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£117) £117
4 per cent Indian 1949-59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/8) £110 1/8
5 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, Sept 7

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-50 (£105 3/4) £105 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74) £73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 1/8) £101
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£113) £112 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 7/8) £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 1/8) £110

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London stock exchange was quiet due to the lack of fresh enquiry. Gilt-edged securities continued quiet steady. Three and half per cent quoted at £92 1/4 i.e. five shillings lower than the previous close.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-0) 13-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (56-10) 56-10
Hydro Electric (41 1/2) 41 1/2
Elec Music Industry (11-9) 11-9
Prinching Johnson (28-6) 28-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-9) 30-9
Woolworth New Ordinary (62-9) 62-1 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£26) £25 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-3) 27-3
Unilever Ordinary (36-4 1/2) 35-9
Ford Motors (17-0) 17-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (24-3 1/4) £24 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (102-6) 102-9
Caracas A (£7 3/8) £7 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (137-6) 140
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (20-0) 20
Distillers (96-3) 96-3
Bredford Dye (3-10 1/2) 3-10 1/2
British Celanese (34-1 1/2) 34-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (37-1 1/2) 37-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-3) 31-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-9) 3-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-1 1/2) 20-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (51) 50 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (46-10) 46-10 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donoro Tea (36-3) 36-3
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Gule Kelampung (23 1/2) 23 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-6) 29-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (41-3) 40
Burma Corporation (9-0) 9-3
Rio Tinto (£13 1/8) £13 1/8
East Rand Proprietors (51-3) 51-3
Rand Mines (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£17 1/2) £17 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (77-6) 76
Trinidad Leasehold (96-3) 96-3
Sub Nigel (£11 5/8) £11 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (103-1 1/2) 103-1 1/2
Burma Oil (50) 50
Mexican Eagle (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
Shell Transport (90-8-9) 90-8-9
Royal Dutch (£32 1/8) £32 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£33 1/2) £34
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£13) £13
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (123 3/4) £123 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£74 1/4) £74 1/4

CLOSING QUOTATION

Bombay, Sept 7
Wheat September 3 12 0
Wheat January 3 15 0
Wheat May 3 10 0
Linsed September 9 0 9
Linsed May 4 9 8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Fractional Changes In Prices

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept 7

On the Stock Exchange anxiety regarding the future of European politics caused precautionary lowering of prices, but with selling pressure very small recovery followed. Price changes in most sections were fractional, though occasional issues showed larger losses. On foreign exchanges the sterling dollar reacted owing to official intervention, closing fractionally easier. Wall Street opened quietly steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 7

U S Common New Stock (dol 59 1/2) dol 58 5/8
General Motors (dol 48 1/4) dol 47 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 1/4) dol 34 1/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 113) unquoted

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Quiet But Steady

Jutes ruled quiet but steady and the volume of business was very much limited. In coals only limited enquiry was in evidence at more or less unaltered prices. Teas were rather dull and inactive. The miscellaneous section, apart from the usual dealings in its speculative issues, disclosed no special feature. Government securities were unchanged. The following are the closing quotations:—
Government securities: Three and half per cent Government paper 98 1/2; five per cent loan 1945/55 117 1/11 small lot; five per cent loan 1940/43 106 small lot. Banks: Central 31 ex div; Imperial fully paid 1558 do conty 385; Reserve Bank 117.
Railways: Delhi Rohas 15/4
Textiles: Basanti 7/10; Cawnpore Textiles 3/14; Dunbar pref 218/8; Kesoram 5/12; Muir Mills ord 221/8; New Victoria pref 5/12
Coals: Amalgamated 24/2; Aldih 4/13; Baraboni annas 2; Bengal Giridh 1/13; Bhalgora 4/6; Burra Dhemo 3/5; Dhemo Main 12/6 ex div; East India 25/4; Kalabari 15 small lot; New Beerbloom 19/2; Tittury 2/1; Samla 1/8 small lots; South Karanpura 5/1; Singaran A 1/6.
Miscellaneous: 116; Craig annas 1/1; Howrah 45/3; do seven per cent pref 152; India 238/12; Kamahat 42/7; do pref 132; Kankannarh pref 132; National 18/12; Reliance pref 152 small odd lot; Soora pref 80.
For the month of August 1938:
Burmese Corporation 6/1; Indian Copper 2/5; Dalmia Cement pref 90/8; Avalaki and Chemical pref 113; Bengal Telephone pref 16; Rohas 1/1; Electric 7; Burn and Co ord 254/8 cum div; B. Hukumchand Steel ord 8/2; Indian Iron 33/4; Indian Mallesbie Casting def 2/3; Steel Corporation ord 90/8; B. I. Corporation ord 3/4; British Ceylon Corporation 5/10; Dunlop Rubber ord 16/8 small odd lot; Ivan Jones 1/10; National Safe Deposit 3/6; Rohas Industries pref 191; Walford Transport 1/8; Tide Water Oil 12/6; Bengal Paper five per cent pref 103/8; Humayan Property pref 90/8; do 10-9-38; Bengal Timber pref 160; Cawnpore 20; Purgapore ord 7; do pref 12/3.
Teas: Handypore 82 small lots; Darjeeling Tea and Chinchona 140; Lohar Valley 24-8-A. P.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Figures of Cross Revenue

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross revenue (subject to adjustment) of the said Companies for the month of August 1938 and for 2 months ended 31st August 1938, were as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous financial year:—
For the month of August 1938
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 2,89,132
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,15,433
Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 8,14,364
For the month of August 1937
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 2,85,473
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,04,912
Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 8,63,363
For financial year up to Aug 31, 1937
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 6,18,641
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 8,12,870
Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 16,34,706
For current financial year up to Aug 31, 1938
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 6,28,809
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. Rs. 7,97,292
Tata Power Co. Ltd. Rs. 17,41,242

Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd.

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of iron and steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of August 1938 was:—
Tons
Pig Iron 83,100
Steel Ingots 70,600
Finished Steel—
Lawrence 327
Semis for sale 12,700
Finished 48,000
80,700

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 2nd day of September, 1938.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Notes held in the Banking Department

Notes in circulation:—

(a) Legal Tender in India 167,13,57,000

(b) Legal Tender in Burma only 6,92,58,000

Total Notes issued 215,27,31,000

Total Liabilities 215,27,31,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 52.31 per cent.

ASSETS

(a) Gold Coin and Bullion:—

(i) Held in India 41,54,53,000

(ii) Held outside India 2,06,96,000

Sterling securities 68,48,55,000

Total of A 113,90,10,000

B. Rupee Coin 68,99,28,000

Government of India 22,37,93,000

Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper 215,27,31,000

Total Assets 215,27,31,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 2nd September, 1938.

LIABILITIES

Capital paid up 5,00,00,000

Reserve Fund 5,00,00,000

Deposits:—

(a) Government 10,11,00,000

(b) Central Govt of India 2,68,06,000

(c) Other Govt Accounts 4,34,86,000

(d) Banks 21,40,47,000

(e) Others 67,81,000

Bills Payable 9,63,000

Other Liabilities 1,65,69,000

Rupees 50,97,43,000

ASSETS

(a) Legal Tender in India 41,21,06,000

(b) Legal Tender in Burma only 10,000

Rupee Coin 4,58,000

Subsidiary Coin 4,98,000

Bills Purchased and Discounted:—

(a) Internal 20,000

(b) External 2,07,50,000

(c) Government Treasury Bills 6,45,000

Balances held abroad* 2,07,50,000

Loans and Advances 39,00,000

Advances 20,000

Investments 6,05,61,000

Other Assets 50,97,43,000

Rupees 50,97,43,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 7.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

3 1/2 per cent Paper 98 1/4

4 per cent 1960-70 112 1/3

5 per cent 1945-55 117 1/4

BANKS.

Bank of Baroda 112

Bank of India 30/12

Bank of Commerce 144

Central Bank 30/4

Imperial Bank F.P. 1552/8

Imperial Bank P.P. 383/12

Indian Overseas Bank 43/12

Reserve Bank 117/4

Union Bank 5/9

TEXTILES

Ahmed. New Textiles 510

Ambica 230/4

Arun 225

Arvind 1155

Ask 200

Bharatkhand 2525

Bombay Dyeing 828/8

Buckingham and Carnatic 198

Calico 248/12

Central India 285/10

Colaba 155

Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills 350

Dhaka 212/8

Gokak 160

Hukumchand 195

Indore 62/8

Jubilee 206/14

Khatwa Makani 127/8

Kohinoor 273/12

Laxmi Cotton 485

Madhusudan 200

Marsden 108/6

Morari 142/8

Mysore 98/12

Nandlal Bhandari 91

New Great 233/12

Rajpur 625

Rajnaray 260

Sajan 97/8

Sholapur 2850

Simplex 86/4

Swadesh 217/8

Vishnu 1227/8

HYDRO ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley Ord. 1452/8

Tata Hydro Ord. 154/6

Tata Power Ord. 1367/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electric 134/6

Ajmer Electric 121/2

Bombay Suburban 147/4

Bombay Tram. 115/15

Surat Electric 172/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Air Services of India 6N

Alcock Ashdown 313/12

Associated Cements 104/4

Bajapur 165

Bombay Burma New 176/14



ASTHMA? ASTHMA?
ANTI-ASTHMATIC
MAFFIOLI
RADICAL ASTHMA CURE.
The Antiasthmatic Maffioli is the result of a very fortunate combination of principles, the therapeutic action of which is clearly defined and acknowledged very efficacious in the cure of Asthma in its various forms.

KERAWALLA BROS.
Tele. No. 26130.
General Assurance Building,
Hornby Road,
FORT, BOMBAY.
Wanted Agents Everywhere

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozezshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1938



I AM QUITE FIT NOW

Regained full Youth and Vitality Since I began

ORGANIN
Tablets and got All Pleasures of Life.
90 pills Rs. 6-14,
300 pills Rs. 12-8.
CONTINENTAL DRUG STORES.
115, Princess Street, Bombay 1.

Mahatma's Test For Travancore Dewan

Follow Sir Mirza's Example

AND INSTITUTE INQUIRY INTO MILITARY FIRING

"Declare General Amnesty & Allow Free Expression Of Opinion"

WARDHAGANJ, September 6. Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement in reply to Travancore Diwan's statement:—
"I have read the Travancore Diwan's statement with the attention it deserves. I fear, I cannot take shelter under ignorance of the Press messages published from time to time on the tragedy that is being continued in Travancore.

Shades Of Jallianwalla

"Sir C. P. Ramaswami's defence reads like an edition of the reports that used to be issued on behalf of the British Government during the Civil Disobedience campaign. Not even the Massacre of Jallianwalla was justified, exactly as the Travancore shootings are now being justified. Was not General Dyer's action subsequently condemned? So it is likely to be in this case?"

Sir Mirza's Example

"I ask Sir C. P. Ramaswami to copy Sir Mirza Ismail and appoint an outsider of unimpeachable integrity to inquire into the whole affair. Let him declare a general amnesty and allow free expression of opinion. Instead of importing military and a Special Officer to carry on repression, I invite the Travancore Government to request some one like the Hon. Mr. V. S. Shrinivasa Sastri, if Congressmen are anathema to go to Travancore, and help them to re-establish peace there without further military action."—A. P.

TRAVANCORE DEWAN ON DURBAR'S "TASK & RIGHT"

Regrets He Cannot Follow Gandhiji's Advice To Appoint Outsider To Hold Inquiry

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 7. "I regret the Travancore Government cannot follow Mr. Gandhi's advice to appoint an outsider to enquire into the incidents which are well-known and took place not in remote villages but in thickly populated centres," says Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Dewan of Travancore in a statement replying to Mr. Gandhi's yesterday's statement.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar adds "Mr. Gandhi makes an unwarranted reference to Congressmen being anathema. He must know that Congressmen, like all other persons, have been welcomed in this State and will be so welcomed as long as they do not insist on their own political prescriptions even at the risk of arousing forces that they cannot control. The re-establishment of peace may become somewhat more difficult if

'I Was Banned As Foreigner'

Kamaladevi's Reply To Dewan's Statement

MANGALORE, Sept. 6. Sreemati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya in the course of a statement says that Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer in his reply to Mahatma Gandhi's statement on Travancore had tried to create certain "misapprehension" which she felt must be removed. Although the prohibitory orders served on her did make a reference to her Socialist views, the District Magistrate of Travancore who went to the State frontier to serve the order on her made it very clear that Travancore did not want "foreigners" to enter the State. "I strongly protested against this and we had over half an hour's discussion over it. He made no mention of my Socialist views, nor did the Magistrate of Quilon serve a similar notice on me, while they did maintain that I was a foreigner."

When the Police Commissioner met me, he not only referred to me as a "foreigner" but he tried to justify this attitude of the authorities. He also made it clear to me that no prominent Congressman would be allowed to enter the State, no matter who he is, or what the duration of his stay is, since that was the policy of the State."—A. P.

admitted disastrous failure. Mr. Gandhi has stated that military had been "imported" here as well as a special officer to carry on repression. Travancore has three battalions of State forces of which a small number never exceeding a platoon of 25 operated in aid of the ordinary police and then only after due warning was given to the mob to disperse; and in each case, when the military acted it was after warning by local officers and after the police were about to be overwhelmed by large mobs and stone throwing on an organised scale was resorted to. From amongst the military not more than four persons fired at one time.

"CONFIDENCE IN THEM."

Concluding Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar says "I have only to add that on Sunday last, the Commandant of the State forces and the Special Police officer both of whom are officers of this Government and neither of whom was specially imported for the purpose of repression were requested by the present president of the State Congress and three of his colleagues who expressed confidence in them: to mediate on their behalf with the Government and Mr. V. K. Velayudhan (one of them) himself admitted at a public meeting at Alleppey on behalf of himself and the President of the State Congress (who was also present at the meeting) that there

TRAVANCORE BANK CASE ECHO

Contempt Of Court Proceedings Against Reserve Bank Officials

MADRAS, Sept. 5. It is understood that a notice of motion has been filed in the High Court by a creditor of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Ltd., for taking contempt proceedings against Sir James B. Taylor, Governor of the Reserve Bank, Mr. Bhargava, Manager of the Local Branch of the Reserve Bank, and the Editor, "Madras Mail," for issuing and publishing certain statements regarding the affairs of the Bank, when the matter was "sub judice."

The Notice has been issued to the respective parties returnable within September 15.—United Press.

"NATIONAL HERALD"

LUCKNOW, Sept. 7. Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Managing Director of the "National Herald" announces that the paper will make its appearance on the morning of Friday, September 9. A button starting the rotary will be pressed by Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of U.P. at 6 p.m. on September 8.—A.P.

STATE CONGRESS LEADER JAILED

ALLEPPEY, Sept. 6. Mr. V. K. Velayudhan, State Congress leader and Mr. R. Sugathan were arrested under the Criminal Law Amendment Regulations and sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000.—A.P.

How Trouble Started At Puthupally

KOTAYAM, Sept. 5. Further details concerning yesterday's firing at Puthupally shows that people attempted to hold meetings at different places. Messrs. Jacob and Chandu, two students, who addressed the gathering were arrested first and taken to the Police Station. The Police next made a lathi charge to disperse the crowd who, it was alleged, resorted to stone-throwing. The Military who were called fired on the crowd resulting in injuries to five persons, of whom one has subsequently died.—United Press.

had been violence on the part of the crowds at Quilon and Neyattinkara as a result of which it was announced that mass meetings will be suspended within the State."—A. P.

All Quiet In Nilgiri State

Full Amnesty Granted To Politicals

BALASORE, Sept. 6. Normal condition prevails in the Nilgiri State now. A full amnesty was granted to political prisoners, fines were remitted, all regulations and the special Act repealed and the ban on the Krishak weekly of Cuttack removed. After discussions, held between the Prajamandal and the Political Agent, it has been agreed that matters in which an agreement could not be reached between them should be referred to the Resident of the Eastern States Agency.

Impartial Non-Official Inquiry Demanded

The Secretary, Indian Civil Liberties Union, Bombay, in the course of a letter to the Dewan of Travancore, protesting against the firing by the State Military and the promulgation of an Ordinance through a special Proclamation, says:—
Reports of the tragic firing by the State Military at Neyattinkara and at Quilon and the sacrifice in life that they have involved have been painful reading. There is nothing in the reports that we have seen of these unfortunate shootings to convince us of the necessity of resorting to such extreme steps of repression.

Innocent blood has been shed. Justice demands that there should be an impartial non-official public enquiry to ascertain the facts of the case. Whenever there has been loss of life, nothing but an enquiry of the kind suggested can ever satisfy the public. The Union therefore urges you to institute without delay such an enquiry to allay public feelings.

The Union cannot but also register a strong protest against the recent proclamation arming the executive with extraordinary powers. The new law—the Criminal Law Amendment Regulation—stands condemned both in the manner in which it has been introduced and in its content. Nothing has happened in the State to compel the executive to ask for such drastic powers. Its language is general, its provisions are far too wide and its penalties are sufficient to harass and ruin its victims. This law and procedure are to our mind dangerous and damaging in the extreme. We would urge the Government with all earnestness to withdraw the prohibitory orders, to restore to the people their elementary rights of speech and association and to desist from using any kind of force in suppressing legitimate expression.

RESPONSIBLE GOVT.

State People's Inherent Right

Rajkot Must Set Example To Whole Of India, Says Sardar

RAJKOT, Sept. 6. "IT IS THE INHERENT RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE TO DEMAND SUCH RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT AS THEY DESIRE AND TO SECURE ITS FUNCTIONING BY ALL CONSTITUTIONAL MEANS AND EVEN BY FALLING ON THEIR BENDED KNEES BEFORE THE RULER. BUT IF SUCH A CAUSE DOES NOT MATERIALISE, THEY MUST, AFTER PROPER TRAINING AND STRENGTH, RESORT TO DIRECT ACTION AND ONCE DETERMINED, THEY MUST FIGHT TO THE FINISH BY ALL POSSIBLE SACRIFICES," observed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the course of his speech at the Rajkot States' Peoples' Conference held here yesterday.

Continuing the Sardar said that he had come to Rajkot neither to depose the Ruler nor to advise the State's people to do so as it was against the best Indian tradition. Rajkot, the capital of Kathiawar, must, he added, set an example to the whole of India and it must catch the eye of every Indian Prince. The direct action, however, was a most dangerous weapon to wield and if the people lost the fight, it would stand in the way of political progress of India. There was, so doubt, an improvement in the attitude of the States towards their people in so far as the inauguration of responsible Government in the States was concerned. Representative institutions also were established in the States but the British Government themselves should help the States' people in the matter of establishing democratic institutions.

Concluding Sardar Patel said that not only the Rajsthan people but the whole country and the Indian National Congress would be with the Rajkot people in their legitimate fight for the establishment of responsible Government.—United Press.

FIGHT AGAINST AUTOCRACY

RAJKOT, Sept. 6. "Ours is a fight under the Congress banner. It is a part and parcel of the Congress fight and a fight, not only of the people of Rajkot and Kathiawar, but also of eight crore people of all Indian States. It is an intermediate force between Fascism and Imperialism. "Till now our sacrifice is negligible. We may be called upon to make much greater sacrifice, even to face death, in the cause of our motherland, which we should do without least hesitation."

Thus observed Mr. Vrajlal M.

SARDAR AT AHMEDABAD

"From Our Correspondent" AHMEDABAD, Sept. 7. Sardar Patel accompanied by Charbar Gopaladas and Sjt. Dhebar arrived this morning from Rajkot. Interviewed, Sjt. Dhebar said, reports about the settlement in the press are baseless and we are in the midst of fight. Deputation of Mansa peasants met Sardar this noon and expressed full confidence in Sjt. Ramaram. Munshi.

RAJKOT HUNT FOR NEW DEWAN

"(From Our Correspondent.)" RAJKOT, Sept. 5. As to the appointment of a new Dewan for Rajkot, speculation is rife. It is authoritatively learnt that Mr. Cadell, ex-Dewan, Junagadh State was approached but he declined the offer. Now the likely choice will fall on Mr. Egerton, Political Agent, Eastern Kathiawar Agency. Within a fortnight an announcement may be made.

The Agency authorities are keenly watching the day-to-day developments. DHRANGADRA CONFERENCE. At long last, Dhrangadra State authorities have seen the wisdom of permitting Dhrangadra State Praja Mandal to hold the second Dhrangadra State People's Conference at Dhrangadra at an early date. A public meeting was held at Dhrangadra Mr. Mohanlal Shanghavi presiding. The meeting decided to hold the second session on the eve of Dewali holidays.

RANCHI, Sept. 6.—It is understood that the Hon. Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, Bihar, who is now considering the suggestion given by the Saran Flood Advisory Committee for constructing protective embankments in Saran District will shortly convene a conference of engineers to devise a scheme for the purpose.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE



THE CALENDAR